

28 FEB 1992

For Six Month Period Ending _____

(Insert date)

Name of Registrant P.S. Communications

Registration No. 4559

Business Address of Registrant

P.O. Box 1611

1603 North St.

Beaufort, SC 29901

I-REGISTRANT

1. Has there been a change in the information previously furnished in connection with the following:

(a) If an individual:

- (1) Residence address Yes No
- (2) Citizenship Yes No
- (3) Occupation Yes No

(b) If an organization:

- (1) Name Yes No
- (2) Ownership or control Yes No
- (3) Branch offices Yes No

2. Explain fully all changes, if any, indicated in item 1.

IF THE REGISTRANT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, OMIT RESPONSE TO ITEMS 3, 4, and 5.

3. Have any persons ceased acting as partners, officers, directors or similar officials of the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name

Position

Date Connection Ended

4. Have any persons become partners, officers, directors or similar officials during this 6 month reporting period?
Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Residence Address</i>	<i>Citizenship</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Date Assumed</i>
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5. Has any person named in Item 4 rendered services directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal?
Yes No

If yes, identify each such person and describe his services.

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6. Have any employees or individuals other than officials, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their employment or connection with the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Position or connection</i>	<i>Date terminated</i>
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7. During this 6 month reporting period, have any persons been hired as employees or in any other capacity by the registrant who rendered services to the registrant directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal in other than a clerical or secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Residence Address</i>	<i>Position or connection</i>	<i>Date connection began</i>
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II—FOREIGN PRINCIPAL

(PAGE 3)

8. Has your connection with any foreign principal ended during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name of foreign principal

Date of Termination

-
9. Have you acquired any new foreign principal¹ during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish following information:

Name and address of foreign principal

Date acquired

Walsall Security Printers Ltd.
P.O. Box 26, Midland Road
Walsall England WS1 3QL

10/11/91

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10. In addition to those named in Items 8 and 9, if any, list the foreign principals¹ whom you continued to represent during the 6 month reporting period.

Thomas N. Kanza

III—ACTIVITIES

11. During this 6 month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9, and 10 of this statement? Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail your activities and services:

Thomas Kanza - (1) monitor and report on U.S. and foreign news media coverage about events in Zaire; (2) maintain contact with government officials and private sources to exchange information about events in Zaire; (3) provide biographical information on Kanza to government officials and private organizations.

Walsall Security Printers - (1) consult on USPS procurement policies and procedures; (2) attend USPS Procurement Conference in Washington on 11/18 - 11/19/91; (3) maintain contact with USPS procurement and stamp manufacturing division to keep updated on procurement plans; (4) provide information to Walsall concerning printing industry in the U.S. and competition for USPS stamp printing contracts. Purpose: to assist client in competing for postage stamp printing contracts.

¹The term "foreign principal" includes, in addition to those defined in section 1(b) of the Act, an individual or organization any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign government, foreign political party, foreign organization or foreign individual. (See Rule 100(a)(9)).

A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those foreign principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under Section 3 of the Act. (See Rule 208.)

12. During this 6 month reporting period, have you on behalf of any foreign principal engaged in political activity² as defined below?
Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail all such political activity, indicating, among other things, the relations, interests and policies sought to be influenced and the means employed to achieve this purpose. If the registrant arranged, sponsored or delivered speeches, lectures or radio and TV broadcasts, give details as to dates, places of delivery, names of speakers and subject matter.

See attached logs.

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13. In addition to the above described activities, if any, have you engaged in activity on your own behalf which benefits any or all of your foreign principals? Yes No

If yes, describe fully.

²The term "political activities" means the dissemination of political propaganda and any other activity which the person engaging therein believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, persuade, or in any other way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

IV—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

14. (a) RECEIPTS—MONIES

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes No

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies.³

<i>Date</i>	<i>From Whom</i>	<i>Purpose</i>	<i>Amount</i>
10/21/91	Walsall Security Printers	Retainer Fee & Expense	\$ 5,000
12/4/91	Walsall Security Printers	Retainer Fee & Expense	7,700
1/15/92	Walsall Security Printers	Retainer Fee & Expense	2,800
2/28/92	Walsall Security Printers	Retainer Fee & Expense	1,200
Total			\$16,700

(b) RECEIPTS—THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received any thing of value⁴ other than money from any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name of foreign principal</i>	<i>Date received</i>	<i>Description of thing of value</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
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³A registrant is required to file an Exhibit D if he collects or receives contributions, loans, money, or other things of value for a foreign principal, as part of a fund raising campaign. See Rule 201(e).
⁴Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

15. (a) DISBURSEMENTS—MONIES

During this 6 month reporting period, have you

(1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement? Yes No

(2) transmitted monies to any such foreign principal? Yes No

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

<i>Date</i>	<i>To Whom</i>	<i>Purpose</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<u>Walsall</u>			
10/31/91	United Parcel Service	Shipping	\$ 24.00
10/31/91	Printing Impressions	Photocopies	28.95
12/4/91	David Porter	Travel Reimbursement *	261.00
12/4/91	Jasper K. Smith	Travel REimbursement *	1,208.88
12/4/91	U.S. Postal Service	Conference Proceedings	25.00
1/10/92	Long Distance America	Telephone	54.97
1/10/92	United Parcel Service	Shipping	24.00
1/20/92	U.S. Treasury	FOI Documents	51.00
2/17/92	Long Distance America	Telephone	56.72
2/25/92	Insty-Prints	Photocopies	62.63
2/25/92	U.S. Postal Service	FOI Documents	34.85
<u>Kanza</u>			
8/13/91	Hobbs Photo Service	Photos	\$ 65.10
1/10/92	Long Distance America	Telephone	56.73
2/17/92	Long Distance America	Telephone	2.81
2/17/92	Insty-Prints	Photocopies	8.62

*Travel to Washington, DC, November 16-21, 1991 to attend USPS Procurement Conference

Total \$1,965.26

15. (b) DISBURSEMENTS—THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you disposed of anything of value⁵ other than money in furtherance of or in connection with activities on behalf of any foreign principal named in items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Date disposed</i>	<i>Name of person to whom given</i>	<i>On behalf of what foreign principal</i>	<i>Description of thing of value</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
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(c) DISBURSEMENTS—POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

During this 6 month reporting period, have you from your own funds and on your own behalf either directly or through any other person, made any contributions of money or other things of value⁵ in connection with an election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election, convention, or caucus held to select candidates for political office?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Date</i>	<i>Amount or thing of value</i>	<i>Name of political organization</i>	<i>Name of candidate</i>
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V--POLITICAL PROPAGANDA

(Section 1(j) of the Act defines "political propaganda" as including any oral, visual, graphic, written, pictorial, or other communication or expression by any person (1) which is reasonably adapted to, or which the person disseminating the same believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, or in any other way influence a recipient or any section of the public within the United States with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party or with reference to the foreign policies of the United States or promote in the United States racial, religious, or social dissensions, or (2) which advocates, advises, instigates, or promotes any racial, social, political, or religious disorder, civil riot, or other conflict involving the use of force or violence in any other American republic or the overthrow of any government or political subdivision of any other American republic by any means involving the use of force or violence.)

16. During this 6 month reporting period, did you prepare, disseminate or cause to be disseminated any political propaganda as defined above? Yes No

IF YES, RESPOND TO THE REMAINING ITEMS IN THIS SECTION V.

17. Identify each such foreign principal.

⁵Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

18. During this 6 month reporting period, has any foreign principal established a budget or allocated a specified sum of money to finance your activities in preparing or disseminating political propaganda? Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal, specify amount, and indicate for what period of time.

19. During this 6 month reporting period, did your activities in preparing, disseminating or causing the dissemination of political propaganda include the use of any of the following:

- Radio or TV broadcasts
- Magazine or newspaper articles
- Motion picture films
- Letters or telegrams
- Advertising campaigns
- Press releases
- Pamphlets or other publications
- Lectures or speeches
- Other (specify) _____

20. During this 6 month reporting period, did you disseminate or cause to be disseminated political propaganda among any of the following groups:

- Public Officials
- Newspapers
- Libraries
- Legislators
- Editors
- Educational institutions
- Government agencies
- Civic groups or associations
- Nationality groups
- Other (specify) _____

21. What language was used in this political propaganda:

- English
- Other (specify) _____

22. Did you file with the Registration Section, U.S. Department of Justice, two copies of each item of political propaganda material disseminated or caused to be disseminated during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

23. Did you label each item of such political propaganda material with the statement required by Section 4(b) of the Act? Yes No

24. Did you file with the Registration Section, U.S. Department of Justice, a Dissemination Report for each item of such political propaganda material as required by Rule 401 under the Act? Yes No

VI-EXHIBITS AND ATTACHMENTS

25. EXHIBITS A AND B

(a) Have you filed for each of the newly acquired foreign principals in Item 9 the following:

- Exhibit A⁶ Yes No
- Exhibit B⁷ Yes No

If no, please attach the required exhibit.

(b) Have there been any changes in the Exhibits A and B previously filed for any foreign principal whom you represented during this six month period? Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to these exhibits? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment.

⁶The Exhibit A, which is filed on Form CRM-157 (Formerly OBD-67) sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

⁷The Exhibit B, which is filed on Form CRM-155 (Formerly OBD-65) sets forth the information concerning the agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal.

26. EXHIBIT C

If you have previously filed an Exhibit C⁸, state whether any changes therein have occurred during this 6 month reporting period. Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to the Exhibit C? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment.

27. SHORT FORM REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Have short form registration statements been filed by all of the persons named in Items 5 and 7 of the supplemental statement? Yes No

If no, list names of persons who have not filed the required statement.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this registration statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in attached Short Form Registration Statement, if any, insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

(Type or print name under each signature)

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths by the agent, if the registrant is an individual, or by a majority of those partners, officers, directors or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States, if the registrant is an organization.)

[Handwritten signature]
Casper Smith
[Handwritten signature]
David G. Porter

Subscribed and sworn to before me at Beaufort, SC

this 19th day of March, 19 92

[Handwritten signature]
(Signature of notary or other officer)

[Handwritten note]
My com. exp 8/17/2000

⁸The Exhibit C, for which no printed form is provided, consists of a true copy of the charter, articles of incorporation, association, constitution, and bylaws of a registrant that is an organization. (A waiver of the requirement to file an Exhibit C may be obtained for good cause upon written application to the Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, Internal Security Section, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
REGISTRATION UNIT
CRIMINAL DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20530

NOTICE

Please answer the following questions and return this sheet in triplicate with your supplemental statement:

1. Is your answer to Item 16 of Section V (Political Propaganda - page 7 of Form CRM-154, formerly Form OBD-64 - Supplemental Statement):

Yes _____ or No XXX

(If your answer to question 1 is "yes" do not answer question 2 of this form.)

2. Do you disseminate any material in connection with your registration:

Yes XXX or No _____

(If your answer to question 2 is "yes" please forward for our review copies of all such material including: films, film catalogs, posters, brochures, press releases, etc. which you have disseminated during the past six months.)


Signature

50:2.13/11/92 76.
Date

Jasper K. Smith
Please type or print name of signatory on the line above

Partner
Title

RECEIVED
DEPT. OF JUSTICE

Thomas Nsenga KANZA

A Biographical Sketch

Thomas Kanza has had a distinguished career as a diplomat, scholar, businessman, author, publisher and international civil servant. Born in the Belgian Congo in 1933, a member of the Bakongo tribe, Professor Kanza's career parallels the turbulent history of that country.

Thomas Kanza was the first college graduate from the Belgian Congo. Educated in the Catholic schools at home, he went on to Belgium where he received his degree in psychology from the Catholic University of Louvain in 1956. (As a Congolese, he was not allowed to pursue courses in politics or law, as these subjects were considered by the colonial government as too "subversive.")

After receiving his degree, Kanza returned to his country where he became a lecturer in psychology and co-publisher of a weekly (later a daily) newspaper, *Congo*. With his newspaper as the vehicle, Kanza became active in the movement to gain independence from Belgium.

Kanza returned to Belgium to continue his education at the College of Europe at Bruges. In 1958, he received his Master of Advanced European Studies degree. He then served as an international civil servant with the Overseas Department of the European Economic Community. He resigned this post in 1960 to return to his country and accept a leadership position with the new, independent government of the Congo.

As a cabinet minister in the Congo's first government following independence, Kanza was one of the youngest members of Patrice Lumumba's senior administration. In 1960, at the age of 27, he was selected to become the first Ambassador to the United Nations from Congo-Leopoldville (now Zaire).

Serving alongside Henry Cabot Lodge, Adlai Stevenson and other key figures of that period, Kanza was a participant in and witness to the historic events of those times. Working with Dag Hammarskjold, then Secretary-General of the United Nations, Kanza worked to help resolve the problems of the newly-independent African countries, including those of his own country.

After his assignment to the United Nations, Kanza moved on to become his country's first envoy to Nehru's government of India. Following this experience, he became the head of the Congo's diplomatic mission to the Court of St. James in London ---- another first for Kanza.

Following the *coup d'état* which brought Joseph Désiré Mobutu to power, Kanza left the government to turn his attention to more scholarly interests. He pursued graduate studies at the School of Oriental and African Studies at London University and at Oxford University, where he received his doctorate in 1972. From Oxford, he became a Fellow at the Center for International Affairs at the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University. He held teaching and research posts at Boston University, the University of Massachusetts, Harvard, Wellesley College, and at Oxford. He also found time to publish his first books: *Evolution and Revolution in Africa*, *The Rise and Fall of Patrice Lumumba*, and *Leadership and Democracy in Africa*, along with numerous scholarly articles and a novel.

Professor Kanza is married with four children ranging in ages from 14 to 21 years old. He currently resides in Oxford, England, where he is a Research Member at St. Antony's College, Oxford. He is also a Senior Partner for Africa in an American management company based in Boston and Washington, DC. He keeps in close touch with developing events in Zaire.

Curriculum Vita

Thomas Nsenga KANZA

Summary of Background

Senior diplomat, academic, international civil servant and author of fiction and non-fiction publications. Experience in newspaper publishing, senior management and international consulting.

Education

Fellow, Center for International Affairs, Kennedy School, Harvard University, 1972-73
Doctoral Candidate, Graduate Institute of International Studies, University of Geneva, 1976-78
Certificate in Political Economy, Henry George Institute, 1979
D.Phil., Oxford University, 1972
M.Phil., History, School of Oriental and African Studies, London University, 1969
Diplome des Hautes Etudes Européennes, College of Europe, Bruges, 1958
Licence en Psychologie et Pédagogie, Catholic University of Louvain, 1956

Academic Experience

Research Member, St. Anthony's College, Oxford University (1988-present).

Senior Associate Member, St. Anthony's College, Oxford University (1973-84).

Visiting Lecturer, Institut de Développement Economique, The World Bank (1978-79).

Barnette Miller Visiting Associate Professor of Political Science, Wellesley College (1977-79 part time).

Adjunct Associate Professor of Politics, Institute of Politics, J.F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, (1975-76 part time).

Adjunct Associate Professor of Political Science, Boston University (1974-75 part time).

Associate Professor, Department of Politics, University of Massachusetts - Boston (1973-79).

Lecturer of Psychology, Institut Supérieur des Science Sociales and Institut St. Joseph, Zaire (1956-57).

International and Governmental Experience

Director General, CAFRAD (African Training and Research Centre in Administration for Development), Ambassadorial Rank, Tangiers, Morocco (1979-81).

Cabinet Minister of Foreign Affairs, Nationalist Government, Stanleyville and **Member**, O.A.U. ad hoc Committee for Reconciliation in Zaire (1964-66).

Minister Plenipotentiary, Head of Zaire Diplomatic Mission, Court of St. James, London (1962-64).

Special Envoy of Zaire to India (Ambassadorial Rank) (1961-62).

Cabinet Minister and First Zaire Ambassador to the United Nations 1960-61).

International Civil Servant, Overseas Dept., European Economic Community (1958-60).

Thomas Kanza (cont'd.)

Business Experience

Senior Partner for Africa, Robert A. Weaver & Associates, Boston (1989-present).

Chairman and CEO, FATIM-Congo, Brazzaville (1989-present).

Chairman, FATIM-Zaire, Kinshasa (1988-present).

Deputy Chairman, COMINIÈRE, Brussels (1985-88).

Deputy Chairman and CEO, LONRHO-Zaire (1985-88).

Co-Publisher, *Congo*, a weekly and daily newspaper, Kinshasa (1957-60).

Publications

The Rise and Fall of Patrice Lumumba, (Paperback edition by Penguin African Library, London, 1972; Hardback edition by Rex Collings, Ltd., London, 1978; American hardback edition by G.K. Hall, Boston, 1979).

Evolution and Revolution in Africa, London: Rex Collings, Ltd., 1971. (American edition - Cambridge: Schenkman Publishing Co., 1974 and 1976).

Africa Must Change: An African Manifesto, Cambridge: Schenkman Publishing Co., 1979.

Sans Rancune, Brussels: Edition Remarques Congolaises, 1965 (a novel).

Eloge de la Révolution, Cairo: Edition Société Orientale de Publicité, 1964.

Congo 196?, Brussels: Edition Remarques Congolaises, 1962.

Tot ou Tard: ATA Ndele, Brussels: Les Amis de Présence Africaine, 1960.

La Congo `a la veille de son indépendance, Brussels: Les Amis de Présence Africaine, 1959.

Congo, pays de deus evolues, Leopoldville: Edition Actualites Africaines, 1956.

"Uganda 1973" and "Nigeria 1973," in *1974 Yearbook Collier's Encyclopedia*, New York: MacMillan Educational Corporation, 1974.

"Sino-Soviet Aid to Africa," in *Chinese and Soviet Aid to Africa*, ed. by Warren Weinstein, New York: Praeger, 1975.

"Foreign Policy of Zaire," in *Foreign Policies of African States*, ed. by Olajide Aluko, Kent: Hodder and Stroughton, 1976.

"Africa Must Change," in *Organization of African Unity: Silver Jubilee Year of the O.A.U.*, ed. by Kwesi Krafona, London: Afroworld Publishing, 1988.

"Ou va le Zaire?" in *Le Nouvel Impact*, Brussels, 1981.

"The Problems of the Congo," in *African Affairs*, Vol. 67, No. 266, 1968.

"African-American Relations: An African Perspective," in *Africa Report*, Vol. 21, No. 4, July-August, 1976, pp. 37-39.

"Congo: Parallel to Rhodesia?" in *To the Point*, Vol 3, No. 24, June 16, 1978, p.7.

Thomas Kanza (cont'd.)

"Mandela's Release: Will It Make Any Difference?" *African Analysis*, No. 62, Dec. 9, 1988.

Forthcoming Books:

Leadership and Democracy in Africa.

From Tribalism to Nationalism: the Case of Joseph Kasavubu.

Mister Ambassador (a novel)

Monsieur le Premier Ministre (a novel)

Le Deuxieme Bureau (a novel)

Le Secret d'une enveloppe (a novel)

Nelson ou la Fin de L'Apartheid (a novel)

Personal Information

Date of Birth: 14 October 1933

Place of Birth: Boende (Equator Province) Zaire

Nationality: Zaire

Family: Married (Eugenie Kanza)

Four Children (3 boys; 1 girl - ages 14-21)

A BLUEPRINT for the FUTURE OF ZAIRE

by

Thomas Nsenga Kanza

Preamble

The Republic of Zaire is on the threshold of a new era of freedom and economic development. After almost thirty years of the repression of human rights, economic stagnation and civil unrest, the people of Zaire are yearning for radical change . . . for a re-birth of the spirit and energy which brought independence from colonialism in 1960.

We are the architects of a new Zaire. In my essay, *Africa Must Change*, I made the following observations which are relevant to Zaire today:

The majority of African countries have to face *Perestroika* and adapt themselves to the new winds of democracy blowing in all former socialist countries and Third World states which are still or were ruled by the one-party system of government. . . . The programme of the . . . future elected government is a collection of various reforms and measures. It can be argued that these reforms ought to be, in fact, revolutionary measures, unpopular decisions if the new leaders are determined to save their respective countries and promote progress, development, self-reliance and self-sufficiency.

As we begin this significant task of re-building our country, of re-defining ourselves as a nation, we must set down our dreams for the future. We must establish our goals and objectives so that the citizens of Zaire can measure our progress against our promises. In that spirit, I offer the following blueprint for building the future of my homeland.

I. Establishing Democracy and Freedom

The people of Zaire have never known true freedom under a system of government designed to promote "liberty and justice for all." Our first task as a transitional government must be to create a system which is responsive to the will and the needs of the citizens of our country. Without such a system, our efforts are useless, and our work will only lead us to a repetition of the errors of the past. To bring about this transformation, we must direct our attention toward the following priorities:

- Drafting a new Constitution guaranteeing basic freedoms and the protection of civil rights. Our constitution should set down a model for a new democratic government which is dedicated to serving the people of Zaire, not the leaders. It must include a "Bill of Rights" specifying the fundamental human rights which our government will hold sovereign.

- Reform of the legal and judicial system. The basic legal code of Zaire must be revised to reflect the new Constitution and its concern for the fundamental rights of the people. The judicial system, including the Supreme Court, must be re-structured accordingly. Judges should be appointed who are fully qualified, who have pledged their support of the Constitution, and who are dedicated to upholding its principles.

- Reform of the bureaucratic system. A bureaucracy should exist to serve the citizens. In Zaire, the national bureaucracy has become inefficient and unresponsive to the needs of the people. Major reforms are needed to change the fundamental orientation of the bureaucratic system. A first step must be to reduce the size of the civil service. Secondly, candidates must be recruited on the basis of their qualifications to fill the key positions within the national administration. Thirdly, a merit system for advancement within the bureaucracy must be instituted. Finally, we must eliminate corruption within the bureaucracy. With these basic reforms, an efficient, responsive bureaucracy can be provided which will promote the aspirations of our country.

- Reform of the national security services and the armed forces. The security forces of any nation are intended to protect the people from outside aggression and internal conflict. Our police and armed forces have lost sight of this basic purpose. The security services must be re-structured under new leadership to bring them under the control of civilian authorities and to transform them into an efficient and effective force dedicated to the welfare of the nation.

- Reform of the national system of taxation. We must overhaul our tax system. The current system is unfair and does not provide the revenues required to operate the government. A new system of taxation must be based on the principle of fairness and equity ---- those who are most able to pay must pay their share.

II. National Reconstruction

After over 30 years of "independence," it is fair to say that our country is in worse condition today than it was under the darkest days of colonialism. Instead of growth and development, Zaire has been faced with decay and the deterioration. Instead of progress, we have seen decline. The hopes and dreams we held during our struggle for independence from colonialism have turned into nightmares. We must rededicate our efforts toward rebuilding our country after years of neglect and decline. It is within our power to reconstruct our nation, if we have the will to do so. We must bring the same dedication to this undertaking as we did to our struggle for independence a generation ago. Our efforts must be focused on the following areas:

- Rebuilding the infrastructure. Our entire infrastructure has been allowed to decay. We must develop a long-term plan to bring our basic systems up to acceptable standards. In these efforts: (1) We must develop an efficient transportation system which allows our people to travel efficiently to work, to move our goods to market, and to deliver materials and supplies throughout the country. A system of railroads, roads and highways, waterways and air transport must be built as a top priority. (2) We must establish a modern telecommunications system to link the people of our nation and to allow us to communicate with the outside world. Without such a communications system, we cannot develop linkages with other countries which are essential for our future economic development. (3) We must undertake public works projects to bring water, sewage and other basic public services to the cities and to the people in the rural areas.

- Agricultural Development. A productive agricultural system is essential to our economy. First and foremost, we must feed our own people. We must also develop our agricultural sector to increase the exports of agricultural products. To bring this about, we must develop a mechanism for educating our farmers about the most efficient means for producing their crops and products. We must establish a system of agricultural cooperatives to assist in the marketing of products and to provide farmers with supplies at the lowest possible cost. We must create an environment within the rural areas of our country which encourages development and stability.

- Rebuilding the mining industry. Mining remains the keystone of Zaire's economy. The mining sector, like the rest of the country, has fallen into decline. We have lost some of our markets; our equipment has deteriorated; our productivity has dropped. We must re-invigorate the mining sector by increasing our competitiveness and productivity, by establishing new markets, and by obtaining better prices for our commodities. Much of this depends on prevailing world prices, but we can develop methods for influencing market prices and improving our competitive position.

- Development of an effective health care system. The health of our people should be a fundamental concern of the government. Zaire's health care delivery system is totally inadequate to meet these basic needs. We must develop a system of hospitals in major urban areas, clinics in small towns, and travelling doctors and nurses in rural areas. It will obviously take years to create a comprehensive health care system, but we must begin immediately to start building a program for the future.

- Providing an efficient financial system. Without a workable banking and credit system, Zaire will never become a modern nation. Economic growth and development depends on the existence of banks, credit unions, and other institutions for dealing with financial transactions. To promote the development of a modern financial system, we must re-structure our central banking system and reform our monetary system. Our currency must be fully convertible and based on a realistic standard. We must be able to control inflation and take charge of our own financial affairs. We must also take immediate steps to re-structure and reduce our foreign debt. We will seek the cooperation of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund to achieve these goals.

III. Meeting the Basic Needs of the People

The basic needs of the people of Zaire have been sadly neglected for the past two decades. As a result, conditions have deteriorated. Today, unemployment is endemic; poverty is rampant; the lack of shelter, education, food, and health care is a sad reality. Meeting the basic needs of the people of Zaire must become our top priority! All our efforts must be directed toward these goals.

- Development of jobs and work programs. All of our citizens should have access to a job. Government must create an environment where jobs are available for everyone who is able to work; high levels of unemployment are simply not acceptable. Most of our jobs are in the agricultural and mining sectors. As these areas are further developed, additional jobs will be created. At the same time, we must encourage investment in industry, trade, banking, and business which will provide new employment opportunities for our citizens. We must also offer incentives to employers to increase the number of workers in their businesses. The government must develop human resources by creating technical and vocational training programs which are relevant to the job market. Development plans must make full employment a priority.

- Provision of adequate food and shelter. In both the urban and rural areas of Zaire, housing and nutrition are critical problems. The lack of adequate food supplies is a serious concern; housing is totally inadequate. In a land as rich as ours, these conditions must not

be allowed to continue! We can feed our people if we concentrate our energies on developing rural agriculture; we can house our people if we provide full employment. Our highest priority should be to eliminate hunger and homelessness from our nation.

- Health care. The overall health of our people has declined in the past three decades. AIDS has become a major health concern; malaria and sleeping sickness are making a comeback; other diseases, malnutrition and poor general health are sapping the strength of the population. These conditions are having a detrimental effect on the economy of our country. We must take immediate action to improve the health of our people. Every citizen should have access to health care as a basic right. Until we can develop our health care system as outlined above, we must seek emergency outside assistance to help us eliminate the diseases which are now ravishing our country.

- Education. Education is the foundation on which a society is built. It is the help given to an individual by his fellow men for the fulfillment of his potential and ideals as a human being, as a member of his society and as a citizen of his country. Our educational system is not adequate to meet the future manpower needs of our country. We must improve educational opportunities for our people at all levels, including college and university education at home and abroad. Our educational system must be relevant to the needs of our society.

IV. External Relations

Zaire must establish diplomatic and commercial relations with other nations which are calculated to serve the needs of our country. No country in the world is completely independent of others. Countries achieve independence and become sovereign states with the hope of negotiating better interdependent relations with other sovereign states. Relations between states are dictated and motivated by interests, and the fundamental interests of Zaire will guide our relations with other nations.

- Diplomatic relations. Zaire will seek to establish diplomatic relations with other nations on the basis of reciprocity. We must strengthen our relations with other African countries, and we will open discussions with countries where formal diplomatic relations do not currently exist. Where our vital national interests are concerned, we will seek to expand diplomatic relations with countries in North Africa, the Middle East and Asia. These relations will be dictated by an evaluation of our own interests, rather than on the basis of ideological considerations.

- Commercial relations. Zaire must encourage private foreign investment and foreign trade by reducing excessive government regulations and controls on commercial, financial and industrial activities. We must reduce all barriers to foreign participation in our economy, including the elimination of official corruption. We must revise our investment code to allow for the repatriation of capital and to allow private business to operate with a minimum of government interference. Our policies should be designed to promote, rather than to discourage commercial relations with other countries.

Conclusions

The future of Zaire is now in our hands. To begin solving our critical national problems, we need to initiate, decide and implement "revolutionary measures" with courage, determination and integrity. We must constantly bear in mind the fact that after over thirty years of nominal independence, we are still divided into two very distinct communities: the rich, comprising less than three percent of the population; and the remaining poor, struggling to survive and to eke out a meager existence.

The solutions to these difficult problems rest in the hands of those who will govern Zaire. This blueprint sets out a program for bringing democracy, freedom and prosperity to the people of Zaire, but it offers no simple solutions. The road ahead is a long and difficult one. We must begin the journey now so that our children and grandchildren can live richer, healthier and more productive lives. This must be our mission and our pledge.

Registrant: P.S. Communications
Registration#: 4559

The following persons in your organization filed short form registration statements on the date indicated by each name. These short forms are still in an active status. Please review and update where appropriate.

Date Filed	Name	Current Role	Termination Date?
8/28/91	David G. Porter	Same	NA
8/28/91	Jasper K. Smith	Same	NA

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