

U.S. Department of Justice

Washington, DC 20530

Supplemental Statement

Pursuant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

For Six Month Period Ending April 30, 2015

(Insert date)

I - REGISTRANT

1. (a) Name of Registrant (b) Registration No.

Fleishman-Hillard Inc.

5801

(c) Business Address(es) of Registrant

200 North Broadway
Saint Louis, MO 63102

2. Has there been a change in the information previously furnished in connection with the following?

(a) If an individual:

- (1) Residence address(es) Yes No
- (2) Citizenship Yes No
- (3) Occupation Yes No

(b) If an organization:

- (1) Name Yes No
- (2) Ownership or control Yes No
- (3) Branch offices Yes No

(c) Explain fully all changes, if any, indicated in Items (a) and (b) above.

IF THE REGISTRANT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, OMIT RESPONSE TO ITEMS 3, 4, AND 5(a).

3. If you have previously filed Exhibit C¹, state whether any changes therein have occurred during this 6 month reporting period.

Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to the Exhibit C? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment.

Not applicable.

¹ The Exhibit C, for which no printed form is provided, consists of a true copy of the charter, articles of incorporation, association, and by laws of a registrant that is an organization. (A waiver of the requirement to file an Exhibit C may be obtained for good cause upon written application to the Assistant Attorney General, National Security Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530.)

4. (a) Have any persons ceased acting as partners, officers, directors or similar officials of the registrant during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes * No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position	Date Connection Ended
Stephen Naru	Senior Vice President and Senior Partner	December 20, 2014

* In the ordinary course of business, employees (including senior-level) depart from time to time; however, Registrant's key decision-makers and senior-most executive management have remained constant. For relevant short-form registered partners, see Attachment 5(c).

(b) Have any persons become partners, officers, directors or similar officials during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes No *

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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* In the ordinary course of business, employees (including senior-level) join or are promoted from time to time; however, Reigstrant's key decision-makers and senior-most executive management have remained constant.

5. (a) Has any person named in Item 4(b) rendered services directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal?

Yes No

If yes, identify each such person and describe the service rendered.

Not applicable.

(b) During this six month reporting period, has the registrant hired as employees or in any other capacity, any persons who rendered or will render services to the registrant directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal(s) in other than a clerical or secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity? Yes No

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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(c) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their employment or connection with the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Date Terminated
Stephen Naru	Senior Vice President and Senior Partner	Dec. 20, 2014

(d) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their connection with any foreign principal during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Foreign Principal	Date Terminated
Please see Attachment 5 for additional information.			

6. Have short form registration statements been filed by all of the persons named in Items 5(a) and 5(b) of the supplemental statement?

Yes No

If no, list names of persons who have not filed the required statement.

Please see Attachment 6 for a list of current short-form registrants.

II - FOREIGN PRINCIPAL

7. Has your connection with any foreign principal ended during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No
 If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal _____ Date of Termination _____

8. Have you acquired any new foreign principal(s)² during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No
 If yes, furnish th following information:

Name and Address of Foreign Principal(s) _____ Date Acquired _____

9. In addition to those named in Items 7 and 8, if any, list foreign principal(s)² whom you continued to represent during the 6 month reporting period.

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
 The Embassy of Singapore

10. (a) Have you filed exhibits for the newly acquired foreign principal(s), if any, listed in Item 8? Not applicable.

Exhibit A³ Yes No

Exhibit B⁴ Yes No

If no, please attach the required exhibit.

(b) Have there been any changes in the Exhibits A and B previously filed for any foreign principal whom you represented during this six month period? Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to these exhibits? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment. Filed on June 3, 2015.

² The term "foreign principal" includes, in addition to those defined in Section 1(b) of the Act, an individual organization any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign government, foreign political party, foreign organization or foreign individual. (See Rule 100(a) (9)). A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under Section 3 of the Act. (See Rule 208.)

³ The Exhibit A, which is filed on Form NSD-3, sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

⁴ The Exhibit B, which is filed on Form NSD-4, sets forth the information concerning the agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal.

III - ACTIVITIES

11. During this 6 month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes No

If yes, identify each foreign principal and describe in full detail your activities and services:

Please see Attachment 11.

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12. During this 6 month reporting period, have you on behalf of any foreign principal engaged in political activity⁵ as defined below? Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail all such political activity, indicating, among other things, the relations, interests and policies sought to be influenced and the means employed to achieve this purpose. If the registrant arranged, sponsored or delivered speeches, lectures or radio and TV broadcasts, give details as to dates, places of delivery, names of speakers and subject matter.

Please see Attachment 12.

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13. In addition to the above described activities, if any, have you engaged in activity on your own behalf which benefits your foreign principal(s)? Yes No

If yes, describe fully.

⁵ "Political activity," as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act, means any activity that the person engaging in believes will, or that the person intends to, in any way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

IV - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

14. (a) RECEIPTS-MONIES

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes No

If no, explain why.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies.⁶

Date	From Whom	Purpose	Amount
Please see Attachment 14.			

\$ 536,348.57

Total

(b) RECEIPTS - FUNDRAISING CAMPAIGN

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received, as part of a fundraising campaign⁷, any money on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes No

If yes, have you filed an Exhibit D⁸ to your registration? Yes No

If yes, indicate the date the Exhibit D was filed. Date _____

(c) RECEIPTS-THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received any thing of value⁹ other than money from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal	Date Received	Thing of Value	Purpose
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^{6, 7} A registrant is required to file an Exhibit D if he collects or receives contributions, loans, moneys, or other things of value for a foreign principal, as part of a fundraising campaign. (See Rule 201(e)).

⁸ An Exhibit D, for which no printed form is provided, sets forth an account of money collected or received as a result of a fundraising campaign and transmitted for a foreign principal.

⁹ Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

15. (a) **DISBURSEMENTS-MONIES**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you

(1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes No

(2) transmitted monies to any such foreign principal? Yes No

If no, explain in full detail why there were no disbursements made on behalf of any foreign principal.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

Date	To Whom	Purpose	Amount
Please see Attachment 15 (a).			

\$ 167,326.48

Total

(b) DISBURSEMENTS-THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you disposed of anything of value¹⁰ other than money in furtherance of or in connection with activities on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Recipient	Foreign Principal	Thing of Value	Purpose
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(c) DISBURSEMENTS-POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

During this 6 month reporting period, have you from your own funds and on your own behalf either directly or through any other person, made any contributions of money or other things of value¹¹ in connection with an election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election, convention, or caucus held to select candidates for political office?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Amount or Thing of Value	Political Organization or Candidate	Location of Event
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Please see Attachment 15 (c).

10, 11 Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

V - INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS

16. (a) During this 6 month reporting period, did you prepare, disseminate or cause to be disseminated any informational materials?¹²
 Yes No

If Yes, go to Item 17.

(b) If you answered No to Item 16(a), do you disseminate any material in connection with your registration?
 Yes No

If Yes, please forward the materials disseminated during the six month period to the Registration Unit for review.

17. Identify each such foreign principal.

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
 Please see Attachment 17 for additional information.

18. During this 6 month reporting period, has any foreign principal established a budget or allocated a specified sum of money to finance your activities in preparing or disseminating informational materials? Yes * No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal, specify amount, and indicate for what period of time.

* A separate budget for such activities was not prepared. However, such amounts are included as part of the overall communications services expenses reported in Attachment 15(a).

19. During this 6 month reporting period, did your activities in preparing, disseminating or causing the dissemination of informational materials include the use of any of the following:

- Radio or TV broadcasts
- Magazine or newspaper
- Motion picture films
- Letters or telegrams
- Advertising campaigns
- Press releases
- Pamphlets or other publications
- Lectures or speeches
- Other (specify) _____

Electronic Communications

- Email
- Website URL(s): _____
- Social media websites URL(s): _____
- Other (specify) _____

20. During this 6 month reporting period, did you disseminate or cause to be disseminated informational materials among any of the following groups:

- Public officials
- Newspapers
- Libraries
- Legislators
- Editors
- Educational institutions
- Government agencies
- Civic groups or associations
- Nationality groups
- Other (specify) international organizations(UN/World Bank) Please see Attachment 17 for additional information.

21. What language was used in the informational materials:

- English
- Other (specify) _____

22. Did you file with the Registration Unit, U.S. Department of Justice a copy of each item of such informational materials disseminated or caused to be disseminated during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

23. Did you label each item of such informational materials with the statement required by Section 4(b) of the Act? Yes No

12 The term informational materials includes any oral, visual, graphic, written, or pictorial information or matter of any kind, including that published by means of advertising, books, periodicals, newspapers, lectures, broadcasts, motion pictures, or any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce or otherwise. Informational materials disseminated by an agent of a foreign principal as part of an activity in itself exempt from registration, or an activity which by itself would not require registration, need not be filed pursuant to Section 4(b) of the Act.

VI - EXECUTION

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. §1746, the undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) under penalty of perjury that he/she has (they have) read the information set forth in this registration statement and the attached exhibits and that he/she is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his/her (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in the attached Short Form Registration Statement(s), if any, insofar as such information is not within his/her (their) personal knowledge.

(Date of signature.)

(Type or print name under each signature¹³)

June 15, 2015

William B Winkeler

William B. Winkeler
Sr. Vice President, Sr. Partner
& Corporate Controller

¹³ This statement shall be signed by the individual agent, if the registrant is an individual, or by a majority of those partners, officers, directors or persons performing similar functions, if the registrant is an organization, except that the organization can, by power of attorney, authorize one or more individuals to execute this statement on its behalf.

**ATTACHMENTS TO SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT
FOR PERIOD ENDING APRIL 30, 2015**

Fleishman-Hillard Inc. (FARA Reg. No. 5801)

ATTACHMENT 5

5(c) and (d). The following information is provided related to employees who have terminated their employment with FH, and, consequently with the foreign principal:

Name	Position	Foreign Principal	Date Terminated
Stephen Naru	Senior Vice President and Senior Partner	Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil	December 20, 2014

5(d). The following information is provided related to employees who remain employed by FH but which no longer perform work for the foreign principal(s) for which they submitted a short-form registration:

Name	Position	Foreign Principal	Date Terminated
Marc Dionne	Web Designer Professional	King Abdullah University of Science and Technology	Foreign principal terminated April 2008
Daniel Horowitz	Communications Professional	Government of the Republic of Turkey	Foreign principal terminated April 2014
Coleman Roest Hutchins	Web Communications Professional	King Abdullah University of Science and Technology	Foreign principal terminated April 2008
Donna Weatherly Rohrer	Public Relations Executive	King Abdullah University of Science and Technology	Foreign principal terminated April 2008

ATTACHMENT 6

SHORT-FORM REGISTRATION INFORMATION SHEET

Last Name	First Name	Registration Date	Termination/Addition Date	Foreign Principal(s)
Auchman	Caren	03/25/2011		Embassy of Singapore
Balderston	Kris	06/14/2013		Embassy of Singapore
Coghlan	Matthew	12/03/2014		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
Cosar	Yagmur	06/27/2014	Embassy of Singapore added on June 9, 2015	Embassy of Singapore
Cutin	Dario O.	03/16/2009		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
Dionne	Marc	04/16/2007	<i>FH has terminated relationship with all foreign principals for which individual submitted a short-form registration*</i>	
Horowitz	Daniel	09/24/2007	<i>FH has terminated relationship with all foreign principals for which individual submitted a short-form registration*</i>	
Hutchins	Coleman Roest	04/16/2007	<i>FH has terminated relationship with all foreign principals for which individual submitted a short-form registration*</i>	
Kramer	Hannah	06/27/2014		Embassy of Singapore
Lyll	Alexander	06/14/2013		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
Naru	Stephen R.	06/19/2009	<i>Terminated employment with Registrant December 20, 2014</i>	
Rockenbach	Denise M.	11/20/2013		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
Rohrer	Donna Weatherly	04/16/2007	<i>FH has terminated relationship with all foreign principals for which individual submitted a short-form registration*</i>	
Vellozzi	Sarah M.	06/25/2010		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil
Yang	Jennifer	6/14/2013		Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

* See Attachment 5 for additional information.

ATTACHMENT 11

Activities for and Services Rendered to Foreign Principals

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

The following describes the communications activities undertaken on behalf of the Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil (SECOM) from November 1, 2014, through April 30, 2015.

November 2014

- Provided and participated in client updates and planning discussions; tracked and reported activities.
- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and development of strategic recommendation documents.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities, pitching activities, strategic opportunities and news generation from Brazil; discussed and developed story pitching and reporting on story opportunities; researched and conducted outreach on editorial opportunities; organized media list and researched media targets.
- Monitored social media; reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Discussed logistics for potential conferences.
- Reviewed and revised press materials; relayed and responded to media requests; developed backgrounder document; tracked media coverage; developed list of potential outreach opportunities.
- Identified analysts quoted in media clips for potential outreach opportunities.

December 2014

- Provided and participated in client updates and planning discussions; tracked and reported activities.
- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and development of strategic recommendation documents.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities, pitching activities, strategic opportunities and news generation from Brazil; discussed and developed story pitching and reporting on story opportunities; reviewed and edited communications materials; researched and conducted outreach on editorial opportunities; organized media list and researched media targets; monitoring and discussion of new issues.
- Developed, reviewed and edited fact sheets, snapshots, briefing materials, coverage reports related to COP20 United Nations Climate Change Conference; provided support for conference.
- Monitored social media; reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Reviewed and revised press materials; developed backgrounder document; relayed and responded to media requests; tracked media coverage; and researched, discussed and developed list of potential outreach opportunities.
- Identified analysts quoted in media clips for potential outreach opportunities.

January 2015

- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and planning of potential media relations efforts.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities and topics of interest for the U.S. media.

February 2015

- Provided and participated in client updates and planning discussions; tracked and reported activities.
- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and planning of potential media relations efforts.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities and topics of interest for the U.S. media.
- Reviewed and edited communications materials; researched and conducted outreach on editorial opportunities; organized media list and researched media targets.
- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Reviewed and revised press materials; relayed and responded to media requests; tracked media coverage; researched and discussed potential outreach opportunities.

March 2015

- Provided and participated in client updates and planning discussions; tracked and reported activities.
- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and planning of potential media relations efforts.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities and topics of interest for the U.S. media.
- Researched key themes and topics of interest for stakeholders in the U.S. and the United Kingdom and South America related to Brazil's image and reputation.
- Reviewed and edited communications materials; researched and conducted outreach on editorial opportunities; organized media list and researched media targets.
- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Reviewed and revised press materials; relayed and responded to media requests; tracked media coverage; researched and discussed potential outreach opportunities.

April 2015

- Provided and participated in client updates and planning discussions; tracked and reported activities.
- Ongoing discussion with client regarding operations and planning of potential media relations efforts.
- Researched, reviewed, monitored, reported, and discussed calendar opportunities and topics of interest for the U.S. media.
- Reviewed and edited communications materials; researched and conducted outreach on editorial opportunities; organized media list and researched media targets.
- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Reviewed and revised press materials; relayed and responded to media requests; tracked media coverage; researched and discussed potential outreach opportunities.

The Embassy of Singapore

The following describes the communications activities undertaken on behalf of the Embassy of Singapore from November 1, 2014, to April 30, 2015.

November 2014

- Organized and delivered media monitoring.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.

- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.

December 2014

- Discussed priorities and 2015 agenda.
- Organized and delivered media monitoring.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.
- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.

January 2015

- Conducted outreach around the DC Jazz Festival.
- Discussed communications priorities and coordinated regarding design of fact sheets.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.
- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.
- Organized and delivered media monitoring.

February 2015

- Conducted outreach around the DC Jazz Festival.
- Discussed communications priorities and coordinated regarding design of Embassy fact sheet.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.
- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.
- Organized and delivered media monitoring.

March 2015

- Prepared for and conducted media training.
- Conducted media outreach around Environmental Film Festival and Jazz Concert.
- Drafted text and designed Embassy fact sheet.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.
- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.
- Discussed communications priorities.
- Organized and delivered media reports.

April 2015

- Prepared for media trainings.
- Discussed communications priorities and coordinated regarding Embassy fact sheet.
- Prepared backgrounders.
- Provided recommendations on media inquiries and media opportunities.
- Counseled Embassy officials on questions and issues.
- Organized and delivered media monitoring.

ATTACHMENT 12

Political Activities

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

November 2014

- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Organized and/or coordinated with CDN to provide images of press briefing with Minister Teixeira to *China Daily* on 28 November 2014.

December 2014

- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Organized and/or coordinated with CDN to execute one-on-one interviews/briefings/media opportunities in December 2014, including:
 - *GI* and *Valor Economico* interview with Min. Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *Associated Press* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *Bloomberg* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *Folha de S. Paulo* interview with Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *Estadão de S. Paulo* interview with Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *Reuters* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *Financial Times* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *GI* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *The Guardian* phone interview with Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *ClimateWire*, *Reuters* interview with Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *The New York Times* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *The Economist* interview with Ambassador Marcondes and Raphael Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - *Reuters* interview with REDD+ negotiator Filipe Ferreira on-site at COP20
 - *Le Monde* interview with Minister Izabella Teixeira and Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *Associated Press*, *Reuters*, *Bloomberg*, *The Guardian*: interview with Minister Teixeira and Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - *ClimateWire* interview with Ambassador Marcondes on-site at COP20
 - Domestic press briefing with Ambassador Marcondes, Min. Azeredo and Min. Lucero on-site at COP20
 - International press briefing with Ambassador Marcondes and Min. Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - Press briefing with Minister Teixeira, Ambassador Marcondes and Min. Azeredo on-site at COP20
 - Coordination to provide to *Bloomberg* requested commentary from Brazil on the concentric differentiation proposal at COP20.
 - Greenpeace Brasil briefing with Everton Lucero
 - University of Sussex briefing with Everton Lucero
 - Climate Action Network (CAN) briefing with Everton Lucero and Congressman Alfredo Sirkis
 - World Resources Institute briefing with Everton Lucero and Marcelo Rocha
 - World Bank briefing with Everton Lucero
 - Brazil Government/ACTOS side event with Minister Teixeira, INPE Thelma Krug, BNDES Gabriel Visconti and MoEnviro Carlos Klink.

- Disseminated statement regarding Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan.
- Disseminated press release titled "Brazil President Dilma Rousseff Announces Economic Ministers and Central Bank Governor."
- Disseminated remarks of Mr. Joachim Levy upon nomination for the position of Minister of Finance of Brazil.
- Disseminated release titled "Brazilian National Truth Commission Publishes Final Report"
- Disseminated summary regarding Brazil's measures to protect biodiversity.

January 2015

- FH did not engage in political activities on behalf of the Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil in January 2015.

February 2015

- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.
- Organized and/or coordinated with CDN to execute one-on-one interviews/briefings/media opportunities in February 2015, including:
 - *Wall Street Journal* interview with Min. Monteiro Neto in Washington DC
 - *Reuters* interview with Min. Monteiro Neto in Washington DC
 - *Bloomberg* interview with Min. Monteiro Neto in Washington DC

March 2015

- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.

April 2015

- Reviewed and edited content for social media channels.

The Embassy of Singapore

FH did not engage in political activities on behalf of the Embassy of Singapore between November 1, 2014, and April 30, 2015.

ATTACHMENT 14

Receipts/Monies

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

Professional services and fees (received 11/21/2014)	\$ 143,269.75
Professional services and fees (received 12/3/2014)	\$ 154,796.58
Professional services and fees (received 1/16/2015)	\$ 133,282.24
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$ 431,348.57</u>

The Embassy of Singapore

Professional services and fees (received 12/15/2014)	\$ 17,500.00
Professional services and fees (received 12/29/2014)	\$ 17,500.00
Professional services and fees (received 2/9/2015)	\$ 35,000.00
Professional services and fees (received 2/23/2015)	\$ 17,500.00
Professional services and fees (received 4/23/2015)	\$ 17,500.00
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$ 105,000.00</u>

ATTACHMENT 15(a)

Disbursements: Monies

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

Amount	Description
\$144,884.65	PR services paid to CDN

TOTAL: \$ 144,884.65

The Embassy of Singapore

Amount	Description
\$22,400.00	professional services and media monitoring, paid Genpact International Inc.
\$16.24	transportation charges
\$25.59	shipping charges

TOTAL: \$ 22,441.83

ATTACHMENT 15(c)

Disbursements: Political Contributions

From Fleishman- Hillard P.A.C.

Name	Candidate	Campaign	Date	Amount
Friends of Roy Blunt	Roy Blunt, R-MO	Primary 2016	12/9/14	\$1,000.00
Total				\$1,000.00

ATTACHMENT 17

Informational Materials

Secretariat for Social Communications of the Federative Republic of Brazil

19. During this reporting period, Registrant's activities in preparing, disseminating, or causing the dissemination of informational materials included the use of the following:

- Press releases
- Pamphlets or other publications
- Lectures or speeches

20. During this reporting period, Registrant disseminated or caused to be disseminated informational materials among the following groups:

- Newspapers
- Editors
- Civic groups or associations
- Educational institutions
- International organizations (e.g., Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, International Civil Aviation Organization, Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, UN World Food Programme, World Bank Development Research Group)

22. A copy of the informational materials disseminated or caused to be disseminated by Registrant during this reporting period is enclosed.



Dear Madam,

Over the past decade Brazil has pursued a broad and innovative social development agenda that has achieved large-scale success in tackling poverty in its various forms.

On behalf of the Secretariat for Social Communication (SECOM) of the Presidency of Brazil, I am pleased to share with you some impressive headline results achieved by the *Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan*, along with highlights of a recent analysis by Brazil's Ministry of Social Development and the Fight Against Hunger, using the World Bank's Multi-Dimensional Poverty methodology.

Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan

The *Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan* has identified three key gateways out of extreme poverty, and has developed highly effective policy programs in these areas:

1. *Income transfers – the Bolsa Família program*

The *Bolsa Família* program provides direct payments to low income households on the condition of regular health checks and ensuring children attend school regularly.

Bolsa Família provides payments averaging 170 Brazilian Reais per month (approximately US\$ 65) to around 14 million Brazilian households. Payments are made through bank debit cards, with a preference given to women as the designated household recipient of payments.

As an indication of its effectiveness, the *Bolsa Família* program has:

- Lifted 36 million people out of poverty since its commencement in 2002.
- Reduced by 82 percent the number of undernourished people in Brazil, from around 10 percent of the population in 2002 to 1.7 percent of the population in 2014.
- Ensured 99 percent of children are vaccinated.
- Monitored school attendance for 17 million students.
- Led to a significant increase in the proportion of 15 year-old students from poor backgrounds who are at the appropriate grade level in Brazilian public schools, rising from 32.1 percent of students in the poorest 20 percent of all students in 2002, to 54.8 percent in 2013.
- Cost around 0.5 percent of GDP annually, but produced an economic multiplier effect which generates US\$ 1.78 of economic activity for every US\$ 1 spent on the program.

To ensure that as many Brazilians as possible have an opportunity to live without extreme poverty, Brazil has implemented the *Active Search* program which rigorously seeks out people who are eligible to participate in the *Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan*. To this end, Brazil currently has over 1,200 mobile assistance teams, including 118 speedboats to access remote communities.

2. *Productive inclusion*

Brazil has put in place a wide range of programs to ensure that as many people as possible – particularly those in remote or marginalized locations – have an opportunity to participate productively in the economic and social life of their communities. Through such programs Brazil has:

- Offered 594 types of free training courses to people on low incomes, with 1.5 million enrollments so far.
- Provided micro-credit to *Bolsa Familia* beneficiaries for 3.6 million production operations.
- Delivered a micro-entrepreneurs program to 406,000 *Bolsa Familia* beneficiaries.
- Installed 750,000 cisterns to universalize access to clean water, particularly for those in semi-arid regions.

3. *Access to public services*

To ensure as many people as possible have access to key public services, Brazil has put in place a Unified Registry for Social Programs including in housing, benefits for disabled and elderly Brazilians, green grant, professional training, adult literacy, eradicating child labor, financial support for rural activities, municipal and provincial programs, and *Bolsa Familia* payments, among other programs.

World Bank Multi-Dimensional Poverty Analysis

The World Bank defines chronic poverty as deprivation of income *plus* deprivation of at least three among seven specific dimensions of poverty. These seven dimensions relate to a household's access to sanitation and safe water; ownership of basic assets such as a telephone, refrigerator and stove; access to electricity; adequacy of shelter; attendance at school by young people; and the highest education level achieved in the household.

According to an analysis in November 2014 by Brazil's Ministry for Social Development and the Fight Against Hunger, using data from the Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics, employing the World Bank's Multi-Dimensional Poverty methodology:

- Chronic poverty in Brazil fell from 8.2 percent of the population in 2002 to 1.1 percent in 2013.
- Chronic poverty in families with at least one child under six fell from 13.4 percent in 2002 to 2.1 percent in 2013.
- Chronic poverty in Brazil's poorest geographic region – the northeast – fell most sharply, from 17.9 percent in 2002 to 1.9 percent in 2013.
- Across all seven non-income dimensions of poverty assessed by the World Bank, Brazil showed strong improvements, with the strongest improvements concentrated in the lowest income groups.

Whilst there is still more work to do, results like these reflect Brazil's commitment to a model of social development that lifts basic living standards and is steadily increasing equality of opportunity right across the Brazilian population.

If you would like additional information about Brazil's development programs or other initiatives of the Brazilian federal government, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Additionally, if you would like to receive a Powerpoint presentation setting out in more detail the results of the *Brazil Without Extreme Poverty Plan*, I will be happy to provide it upon request.

Please note that the Secretariat for Social Communication (SECOM) of the Presidency of Brazil provides important updates on key policy measures and developments at <http://www.facebook.com/BrazilGovNews> and twitter.com/BrazilGovNews.

Thank you.

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BRAZIL PRESIDENT DILMA ROUSSEFF ANNOUNCES ECONOMIC MINISTERS AND CENTRAL BANK GOVERNOR

Mr. Joaquim Levy nominated as Minister of Finance; Mr Nelson Barbosa nominated as Minister of Planning; Central Bank Governor Alexandre Tombini re-nominated

BRASÍLIA (27 November 2014) - The President of the Federative Republic of Brazil, Dilma Rousseff, has today announced two economic Ministers and the Central Bank Governor of Brazil. President Rousseff has nominated Mr. Joaquim Levy for the position of Minister of Finance, and Mr. Nelson Barbosa for the position of Minister of Planning. President Rousseff has invited Brazil's current Central Bank Governor, Alexandre Tombini, to remain in his position.

Ministers Guido Mantega and Miriam Belchior (currently Ministers of Finance and Planning, respectively) will remain in office while the newly nominated Ministers and Governor build their advisory teams, and until the end of the Cabinet transition period.

President Rousseff thanked Minister Mantega for his dedication to public office. The longest-serving Minister since the beginning of Brazil's democratic governance, Minister Mantega played a crucial role in Brazil's response to the international economic crisis, prioritizing job generation and improving incomes for the Brazilian population.

As Head of the Ministry of Planning, Minister Belchior competently led the progress made in implementing Brazil's Growth Acceleration Program (*Programa de Aceleração do Crescimento*), and managed the Federal Budget during her tenure.

Source: Secretariat for Social Communication of the Federative Republic of Brazil

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**Remarks of Mr. Joaquim Levy upon nomination for the position of Minister of
Finance of Brazil
Brasília, 27 November 2014**

Succeeding the longest-serving Finance Minister in Brazil's democratic period is more than an honor. It is a privilege.

The immediate objective of the Government and of the Brazilian Ministry of Finance is to set an achievable primary surplus target for the next three years - one that is compatible with the stabilization and decline of the general government gross debt-to-GDP ratio (as determined by the Central Bank), giving consideration to Brazil's stable level of foreign reserves.

It is well understood that to pursue this path for the debt-to-GDP ratio, the primary surplus of the consolidated public sector should reach at least 2 percent of GDP (as determined by the Central Bank under the "below the line" methodology), provided that there is no expansion of the stock of National Treasury transfers to public financial institutions, which in recent years has come to represent almost one quarter of the Securitized Federal Debt in the market.

Achievable improvements in the primary surplus in 2015 are unlikely to enable us to reach the level mentioned above, therefore we must work with a primary surplus target for the Non-financial Consolidated Public Sector of 1.2 percent of GDP (as determined by Central Bank statistics).

The primary surplus target for 2016 and 2017, however, will not be lower than 2 percent of GDP, under the same methodology.

Achieving these targets is crucial in order to increase confidence in the Brazilian economy, and will create the foundations for the resumption of economic growth and the consolidation of the social, economic and institutional progress made in the past 20 years.

The Ministry of Finance reaffirms its commitment to the transparency of its actions, demonstrated through strengthening the communication of its goals and priorities, and through the disclosure of timely, comprehensive and detailed data, especially fiscal accounts, which can be evaluated by all of society, including economic agents. This commitment is an indispensable and integral factor in the democratic and efficient exercise of the responsibilities of the Ministry.

We are convinced that reducing uncertainty around the goals and results of the actions of the public sector is an important ingredient in encouraging the businesses, workers and families of Brazil to take on risk, especially in their decisions to increase investment in physical and human capital (such as the

purchase of equipment or education). This confidence is the springboard from which each of us improves and the country grows.

The Ministry of Finance will also work tirelessly to help the private sector increase the supply of goods and products in Brazil with policies that can help increase our productivity, which is the basis upon which labor incomes can grow. Competition, entrepreneurship and innovation are also indispensable for sustainable growth, and the Ministry of Finance will be working with all areas of the Government to reduce barriers to these three drivers of development.

In this sense, it will also be vital to rely on support from the National Congress in executing a "micro agenda" and in making progress on other major economic issues.

Finally, it does not escape economic agents that the rate of savings in Brazil has been low.

There is no shortage of investment opportunities in Brazil, especially if regulatory and bureaucratic hurdles and possible uncertainties are overcome. And as mechanisms such as infrastructure concessions expand, our priority has to be increasing the savings rate.

The Federal Government will lead by example on this front by increasing its own savings, specifically the primary surplus, and will also contribute to ensuring that other federal entities, companies and families follow the same path, enabling us to strengthen our ability to invest and grow.

As we move along this path of expanding and channeling domestic and foreign savings, including towards infrastructure, the capital market will play an increasingly important role, complementing the actions of the banking system in efficiently allocating resources (according to individual risk and return assessments for each investment opportunity), and allowing the nation and Brazilian families to find new ways to build and prepare for a better future.

Thank you very much.

**Remarks of Mr. Nelson Barbosa upon nomination for the position of Minister of
Planning of Brazil
Brasília, 27 November 2014**

I would like to offer my greetings to the Governor of the Central Bank, Alexandre Tombini, the Press Secretary of the Presidency of Brazil, Thomas Traumann, the newly appointed Minister of Finance, Joaquim Levy, and all others present.

First, I would like to express my gratitude to President Dilma Rousseff for her trust and for the opportunity to take on the leadership of the Ministry of Planning, Budget and Management.

Thank you very much, Madam President. Be assured that I will devote all my energy and efforts to honor your confidence and contribute to the development of our country.

It is a great honor and also a great challenge to succeed Minister Miriam Belchior, a longtime friend, who has shown leadership and dedication in successfully leading the Ministry during this period of government.

In this new cycle, I will work together with the other members of the economic team - current and future - for the growth of the Brazilian economy, strict control of inflation, fiscal stability and job creation.

As for my most immediate challenge, I will work on adapting the proposed budget for 2015 to the new macroeconomic circumstances and to the goal of gradually improving the primary budget position of the economy, as pointed out by Minister of Finance nominee Joaquim Levy.

Also regarding the federal budget, I will provide continuity in the improvements to the efficiency of public spending by modernizing management practices and assessing the costs and benefits of various government programs, in collaboration with other ministries.

In addition, and with equal commitment, I will work to cut red tape and improve the quality of public services provided to the population.

I will also take on the coordination of the Federal Government's investment programs. This coordination includes both direct spending via the federal budget - such as the Growth Acceleration Program (*Programa de Aceleração do Crescimento*), the My House My Life (*Minha Casa Minha Vida*) program, and the infrastructure and logistics concessions programs.

The coordination of investment actions also includes public-private partnerships, which I will seek to develop and expand in the coming years, together with alternative sources of long-term financing.

Finally, I would highlight that I will work particularly towards the implementation of initiatives to increase the rate of investment and the productivity of our economy, which will enable faster rates of per capita income growth, along with monetary stability.

In this process I will rely on the collaboration of the private sector, congressmen and women, governors and mayors, who will continue to find in the Ministry of Planning an opportunity for dialogue and for joint policy-making for the development of our country.

Of all of these challenges, the greatest is to improve the quality of life of the Brazilian people, in collaboration with other Ministers. It is with this main goal and with this motivation that I will lead the work of the Ministry of Planning.

Thank you all.

**Remarks of Governor Alexandre Tombini upon re-nomination as Central Bank
Governor of Brazil
Brasília, 27 November 2014**

The Central Bank has been consistently pursuing its institutional missions of ensuring the stability of our currency's buying power through inflation control, and ensuring the stability and solidity of the national financial system.

Regarding the mission of ensuring the stability and solidity of the national financial system, I would like to make the following comments.

Financial stability is a natural right, one of priceless value for economic agents.

The Central Bank of Brazil has been recognized worldwide for maintaining high standards of financial regulation and supervision which have proven to be essential both for the consolidation of national financial stability and as a buffer against turbulence in the international economy, especially during the post-2008 financial crisis.

The Central Bank's banking regulation and supervision activities, both mandates of the Central Bank, are currently led and guided by the Financial Stability Committee established in 2011, whose focus has been on systematically monitoring the financial system and taking proactive steps to prevent risks.

Beyond its regulatory improvements and stronger supervision efforts, the Central Bank has promoted an important process of adjusting and improving the health of the financial system over the past four years, eliminating areas of vulnerability without using public resources and without compromising the effective operation of markets at any point.

In times of international uncertainty, the low level of exposure of Brazil's national financial system to external risks is a point to be highlighted. The "integral subsidiary" regime for foreign banks, the low level of dependence on funding in foreign currencies, and the regulatory limitations on exposure to currency exchange markets have kept financial institutions that are active in Brazil protected from turbulence in the global economy.

The exposure of the national financial system to risks arising from the business sector and derivatives markets is monitored in real-time, and all transactions must be registered and communicated daily to the Central Bank of Brazil. Stress tests conducted by the Central Bank of the national financial system have also shown that it is able to withstand extreme macroeconomic shocks.

The result of all this is a financial system that has liquidity and is solid, secure, well-capitalized, robust, diversified and more competitive.

In summary, the supervision of the national financial system is strong, risk-based, sophisticated and effective, with a wide range of prevention and intervention instruments available.

Brazil's financial system supervision has the highest rating in terms of adequacy based on international "best practices" (according to the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank).

In relation to fulfilling the mission of ensuring the stability of our currency's buying power through inflation control, I would like to highlight the following points.

The Central Bank of Brazil has worked to keep Brazilian inflation under control and help it return to its path of convergence with the center of the target (4.5 percent annually).

The still-high inflation rates accumulated over the past 12-month period reflect, in part, two important relative price adjustment processes in the economy, namely: (1) the realignment of domestic prices in relation to international prices; and (2) the realignment of regulated prices in relation to market prices.

Monetary policy in such circumstances must remain particularly vigilant in order to contain the second-order effects of these relative price adjustments. In other words, monetary policy should prevent these adjustments from spreading through the rest of the economy in the form of persistent inflation.

Since last September, we have seen, among other factors, the acceleration of relative price adjustments - a nominal depreciation of the Brazilian real and adjustments in regulated prices - making the balance for inflation risks less favorable.

Given this scenario, the Central Bank has seen fit (by a majority decision) to immediately adjust (in October 2014) monetary conditions with the goal of enabling a more benign inflation scenario to emerge in 2015 and 2016 (a very relevant timeframe for monetary policy).

In short, the Central Bank has signaled that it will not be complacent about inflation and will work to ensure a convergence scenario for inflation, moving towards the target of 4.5 percent annually, in the timeframe relevant to monetary policy.

Lastly, with respect to the foreign exchange market and the Central Bank's initiatives, I would like to highlight that the currency swap program has been able to fully reach its objectives.

In operation since August 2013, the program has helped the country to offset strong exchange rate fluctuations and, at the same time, to provide protection to economic agents.

The volume offered so far - a little more than US\$ 100 billion-equivalent - represents less than 30 percent of the country's foreign currency reserves and does not compromise these assets since these instruments are settled in Brazil reais.

Furthermore, exchange rate swaps have ended up presenting an opportunity to reduce the carrying costs of international reserves within permissible risk and return parameters. Accordingly, this scenario does not give us cause to envisage any need, in the short and medium terms, for a reversal of these policies.

We understand that the stock of exchange derivatives offered by the Central Bank so far already meets to a significant degree the economy's demand for currency exchange protection. This swap stock has

been administered in transactions that are renewed monthly, and almost all mature uniformly over the next three months. They are likely to continue to be renewed in the future, subject to demand conditions.

In addition to the exchange rate protection offered to the economy, the Central Bank also operates in relation to the liquidity of the spot US dollar market, offering repurchase agreements to financial agents. These agreements are made available seasonally in year-end periods.

Ladies and gentlemen,

Regarding the nation's set of macroeconomic policies, I understand that the strengthening of fiscal policy through a consistent, credible process of revenue and expenditure consolidation, strictly led, shall, over time, facilitate the convergence of our inflation rates with the target of 4.5 percent annually.

Acting independently but with complementarity, fiscal and monetary policy, in an environment of stability and solidity in relation to the national financial system, will certainly be crucial for recovering the confidence of businesses and consumers in the Brazilian economy.

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Brazilian National Truth Commission Publishes Final Report

BRASÍLIA (10 December 2014) - The final report of the National Truth Commission (*Comissão Nacional da Verdade*) was delivered to Brazilian President Dilma Rousseff today during an official ceremony at the Presidential Palace. ([Learn more here, story in Portuguese](#)).

The report is divided into three volumes, and is the result of two years and seven months' work by the Commission. The report has been created in accordance with Law 12,528/2011.

The Commission was established in May 2012 to investigate and clarify the serious human rights violations that occurred between 1946 and 1988 (the period between the last two democratic constitutions in Brazil) by setting out details of who committed such violations and the circumstances in which they were committed. The Commission's efforts have been aimed at ensuring the country's right to memory and historical truth, and at promoting national reconciliation in relation to the dictatorship period.

To achieve these ends, the Commission adopted international standards for its work and restricted the definition of "serious human rights violations" to those committed by State agents, or agents in the service of the State, as well as those committed with the connivance or acquiescence of the State, against either Brazilians or foreign citizens.

Serious human rights violations include: unlawful imprisonment, and torture and deaths resulting from it; sexual violence; executions and subsequent concealments of corpses; and enforced disappearances. When practiced massively and systematically against a population, these violations become a crime against humanity.

Over the course of its work, the Commission and its members have gathered a total of 1,121 testimonies (132 of which have come from public servants). The Commission has also held 80 public hearings and sessions covering the country from north to south, and visited 20 of Brazil's 26 states either to hold hearings, conduct investigations or collect testimonies.

The Commission has performed hundreds of investigative actions, including dozens of expert analyses, and has identified one previously missing person: Epaminondas Gomes de Oliveira, a laborer and Communist Party militant who died in an Army facility in Brasília and was buried away from his family.

To ensure that reporting of serious human rights violations was as accurate as possible, the Commission visited seven military units and sites used by the Armed Forces in the past to practice torture and other serious human rights violations. These visits occurred between November 2013 and October 2014, and were accompanied by experts and victims of repression.

These seven sites are listed in the first of eight preliminary reports published by the Commission between February 2014 and August 2014.

The Commission also visited *Casa Azul* ("Blue House") - a clandestine torture center maintained by the Army within a unit of the National Roads Department (*Departamento Nacional de Estradas de Rodagem*) in the city of Marabá, in the state of Pará. The area now belongs to the National Department of Transport Infrastructure (*Departamento Nacional de Infraestrutura de Transportes*).

The report and site visits, in addition to ensuring accountability for the work of the Commission across a range of topics, have contributed significantly to promoting the role of the Commission to society as a whole.

VOLUME I - The Activities of the Commission, Serious Human Rights Violations, Conclusions and Recommendations

The first volume of the report lists the activities conducted by the Commission in its search for truth, describes the facts examined, and presents the conclusions and recommendations of the members of the Commission, in order to ensure such violations do not happen again. This volume is signed collectively by the six members of the Commission's Board: José Carlos Dias, José Paulo Cavalcanti Filho, Maria Rita Kehl, Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro, Pedro Dallari and Rosa Cardoso.

Volume I is divided into five parts and 18 chapters. Part I contains two chapters on the creation and activities of the Commission.

In Part II (four chapters), the report addresses State-level structures that were employed and serious human rights violations that occurred. Here, the report describes the context of these serious violations, the enforcement structures and procedures in place, repression structures employed abroad, and the repressive alliances established in the Southern Cone and under Operation Condor.

Part III describes the actual methods and practices used to commit serious human rights violations. In its six chapters, this section conceptualizes and explains how each practice was applied in Brazil in the dictatorship period. In presenting Volume I, the members of the Commission present a warning: "We have avoided approaches of an analytical nature, as we are convinced that the presentation of objective, factual reality, in its absolute rawness, is sufficiently effective an instrument for the realization of the right to memory and historical truth."

Part IV (five chapters) addresses emblematic cases, the Araguaia guerrilla movement and the institutions and locations associated with serious violations. The Commission has devoted an entire chapter of Part IV exclusively to identifying those who committed serious human rights violations, indicating the names of more than 300 public officials and people in the service of the State who were involved in these violations. This chapter also examines the role of the judiciary in the dictatorship.

The fifth chapter of Volume I contains the conclusions of the six members of the Commission's Board regarding their findings, and offers recommendations by the Commission's Joint Committee to ensure such violations do not happen again in our country.

Download Volume I of the report (Portuguese) [here](#).

VOLUME II - Themed Texts

The second volume of the final report brings together a set of nine texts produced under the responsibility of certain members of the Commission. Part of these texts originated from activities developed in the workgroups created by the Commission, comprised of victims, family members, researchers, and other people interested in the topics investigated by these workgroups.

In this section the report delves into the impact of serious human rights violations suffered within different segments, groups and social movements of society. Seven texts show how military personnel, organized workers, rural laborers, Christian churches, indigenous populations, the gay population and academia were all affected by the dictatorship and by repression, and the role these groups played in the resistance against it.

Volume II also addresses the relationship between civil society and the dictatorship. One chapter analyzes civil support for the dictatorship, especially among entrepreneurs, while another deals with the resistance of other sections of society to the serious human rights violations committed.

Download Volume II of the report (Portuguese) [here](#).

Volume III - Political Deaths and Disappearances

The third volume of the report is entirely dedicated to victims. In it, 434 political deaths and disappearances are revealed and identified, including the circumstances of death, describing a "human tragedy unjustifiable by any motivation of any nature," as stated in the introduction to the report.

"The reports presented in this volume and authored by all members of the Commission, even as they expose horror scenarios little known to millions of Brazilians, also honor the victims of crimes committed by the Brazilian State and its Armed Forces, which, in the course of the dictatorship, took the systematic violation of human rights to the level of a State policy," the Commission states in the report.

Each biography also includes the status of the investigation by the Commission of each case.

Download Volume III of the report (Portuguese) [here](#).

Source: National Truth Commission Press Office*

**website in Portuguese*

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Dear Madam,

As the world's most biodiverse nation, Brazil has put in place a range of measures to protect biodiversity, and continues to work domestically and internationally to reach global biodiversity protection targets.

On behalf of the Secretariat for Social Communication (SECOM) of the Presidency of Brazil, I am pleased to share with you some recent headline developments in these efforts:

Brazil at COP12

Along with more than 3,000 other delegates, Brazil participated in the United Nations' 12th Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP12), held in Pyeongchang, South Korea, between 6 and 17 October 2014.

COP12 also served as the first Meeting of the Parties (MOP1) to the Nagoya Protocol concerning genetic resources access and benefit-sharing. The Nagoya Protocol came into force on 12 October 2014.

At COP12, governments adopted the Pyeongchang Roadmap – a set of decisions by which they:

- Re-affirmed the commitments made at COP11 in Hyderabad, India, to double total biodiversity funding to developing countries, in particular least developed countries and small island States, as well economies in transition, by 2015, and at least maintain this level until 2020.
- Agreed to increase domestic funding for biodiversity and identify ways to mobilize more sources of funding.
- Agreed on a set of common indicators to help achieve the Aichi 2020 Biodiversity Targets, particularly by "mainstreaming" the debate on biodiversity conservation at the national level.
- Agreed on ways to manage Invasive Alien Species which are one of the main threats to biodiversity, and which also endanger human health and sustainable development.

A new fact sheet on biodiversity in Brazil, published for COP12 and containing key information on Brazil's biogeographical regions, progress in biodiversity conservation, satellite monitoring, National Biodiversity Targets for 2020, and Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) is available [here](#).

COP13 will take place in Los Cabos, Mexico, in 2016.

United Nations Global Biodiversity Outlook 4

Published to coincide with COP12, the United Nations [Global Biodiversity Outlook 4](#) noted several key achievements of Brazil in its efforts to conserve biodiversity:

- Brazil has significantly slowed the loss of forest habitats in the Brazilian Amazon. The report notes that "the rapid decline in deforestation in the Brazilian Amazon is the result of a wide range of interrelated public and private policy initiatives, coordinated through the Action Plan for the Prevention and Control of Deforestation in the Amazon launched in 2004" (page 52).
- Brazil is one of three countries (with Finland and Japan) implementing a national biodiversity strategy, and one of a handful of countries with ecosystem restoration targets (page 101).

The Global Biodiversity Outlook 4 also set out a number of major challenges for global biodiversity conservation in the period ahead, noting in particular that:

- Of the 53 Aichi 2020 global biodiversity targets, only five targets are on schedule or ahead of schedule, while 48 are lagging behind schedule.
- Spending on biodiversity of between US\$ 150 billion and US\$ 440 billion a year will be required to achieve the 2020 targets, according to the report.

The Amazon Protected Areas Program

At COP12, Brazil co-hosted a special event to discuss the achievements and challenges of Brazil's Amazon Protected Areas Program (ARPA).

ARPA is the world's largest forest conservation program – led by Brazil's Ministry of the Environment – and is designed to be implemented in three phases:

- In Phase I (2003-2001), Brazil substantially exceeded its target for new Protected Areas (18 million hectares), reaching 24 million hectares by 2010.
- By the end of Phase II (2015), ARPA is aiming to reach 60 million hectares of Protected Areas (18 percent of the Amazon).
- Phase III, known as the ARPA for Life initiative, was launched in 2014 and aims to secure resources to transition from a donation-based system of funding Protected Areas to a self-supported system. A Transition Fund of US\$ 215 million has been established to support Protected Areas while government funding increases over the coming decades.

To date ARPA has helped reduce deforestation by 75 percent in the Amazon, avoiding 1.4 billion tons of CO2 emissions. ARPA currently encompasses 56 federal Protected Areas and 39 state Protected Areas, with the largest Protected Area approximately the size of Belgium.

Concurrently with COP12, Brazil announced the establishment of several new Protected Areas, including:

- Three new Marine Reserves, with a combined area of more than 58,000 hectares, in the northern state of Pará, supporting biodiversity conservation in mangroves, coastal shrublands and forests, and other ecosystems.

- Two new National Parks, with a combined area of more than 80,000 hectares, in the states of Paraná and Minas Gerais.
- A new Sustainable Development Reserve in the state of Minas Gerais, consisting of 38,100 hectares.

Further information on ARPA is available [here](#).

If you would like additional information about Brazil's programs to conserve biodiversity, or other initiatives of the Brazilian federal government, please do not hesitate to contact me.

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