

U.S. Department of Justice

Washington, DC 20530

**Supplemental Statement****Pursuant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended**For Six Month Period Ending May 31, 2015

(Insert date)

**I - REGISTRANT**

1. (a) Name of Registrant

(b) Registration No.

National Council of Resistance of Iran-US Rep Office

6171

(c) Business Address(es) of Registrant

1747 Pennsylvania Ave NW, Suite 1125

Washington, DC 20006

2. Has there been a change in the information previously furnished in connection with the following?

(a) If an individual:

(1) Residence address(es) Yes  No (2) Citizenship Yes  No (3) Occupation Yes  No 

(b) If an organization:

(1) Name Yes  No (2) Ownership or control Yes  No (3) Branch offices Yes  No 

(c) Explain fully all changes, if any, indicated in Items (a) and (b) above.

**IF THE REGISTRANT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, OMIT RESPONSE TO ITEMS 3, 4, AND 5(a).**3. If you have previously filed Exhibit C<sup>1</sup>, state whether any changes therein have occurred during this 6 month reporting period.Yes  No If yes, have you filed an amendment to the Exhibit C? Yes  No 

If no, please attach the required amendment.

<sup>1</sup> The Exhibit C, for which no printed form is provided, consists of a true copy of the charter, articles of incorporation, association, and by laws of a registrant that is an organization. (A waiver of the requirement to file an Exhibit C may be obtained for good cause upon written application to the Assistant Attorney General, National Security Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530.)

4. (a) Have any persons ceased acting as partners, officers, directors or similar officials of the registrant during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position	Date Connection Ended
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(b) Have any persons become partners, officers, directors or similar officials during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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5. (a) Has any person named in Item 4(b) rendered services directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal?

Yes  No

If yes, identify each such person and describe the service rendered.

(b) During this six month reporting period, has the registrant hired as employees or in any other capacity, any persons who rendered or will render services to the registrant directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal(s) in other than a clerical or secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity? Yes  No

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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(c) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their employment or connection with the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Date Terminated
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(d) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their connection with any foreign principal during this 6 month reporting period? Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Foreign Principal	Date Terminated
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6. Have short form registration statements been filed by all of the persons named in Items 5(a) and 5(b) of the supplemental statement?

Yes  No

If no, list names of persons who have not filed the required statement.

## II - FOREIGN PRINCIPAL

7. Has your connection with any foreign principal ended during this 6 month reporting period? Yes  No
- If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal

Date of Termination

8. Have you acquired any new foreign principal(s)<sup>2</sup> during this 6 month reporting period? Yes  No
- If yes, furnish the following information:

Name and Address of Foreign Principal(s)

Date Acquired

9. In addition to those named in Items 7 and 8, if any, list foreign principal(s)<sup>2</sup> whom you continued to represent during the 6 month reporting period.

National Council of Resistance of Iran, also known as National Council of Resistance, also known as NCRI

10. (a) Have you filed exhibits for the newly acquired foreign principal(s), if any, listed in Item 8?

Exhibit A<sup>3</sup> Yes  No Exhibit B<sup>4</sup> Yes  No 

If no, please attach the required exhibit.

- (b) Have there been any changes in the Exhibits A and B previously filed for any foreign principal whom you represented during this six month period? Yes  No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to these exhibits? Yes  No 

If no, please attach the required amendment.

<sup>2</sup> The term "foreign principal" includes, in addition to those defined in Section 1(b) of the Act, an individual organization any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign government, foreign political party, foreign organization or foreign individual. (See Rule 100(a) (9)). A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under Section 3 of the Act. (See Rule 208.)

<sup>3</sup> The Exhibit A, which is filed on Form NSD-3, sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

<sup>4</sup> The Exhibit B, which is filed on Form NSD-4, sets forth the information concerning the agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal.

**III - ACTIVITIES**

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11. During this 6 month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement?      Yes       No

If yes, identify each foreign principal and describe in full detail your activities and services:

Our activities on behalf of the National Council of Resistance of Iran, also know as the National Council of Resistance, also known as NCRI, have been focused on making sure that the representative office is in good legal standing, complies within its legal obligations, is able to fund itself, and engages in political activities as defined in addendum to Item 12.

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12. During this 6 month reporting period, have you on behalf of any foreign principal engaged in political activity<sup>5</sup> as defined below?      Yes       No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail all such political activity, indicating, among other things, the relations, interests and policies sought to be influenced and the means employed to achieve this purpose. If the registrant arranged, sponsored or delivered speeches, lectures or radio and TV broadcasts, give details as to dates, places of delivery, names of speakers and subject matter.

See addendum to item 12 as attached.

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13. In addition to the above described activities, if any, have you engaged in activity on your own behalf which benefits your foreign principal(s)?      Yes       No

If yes, describe fully.

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<sup>5</sup> "Political activity," as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act, means any activity that the person engaging in believes will, or that the person intends to, in any way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

**IV - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**14. (a) RECEIPTS-MONIES**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes  No

If no, explain why.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies.<sup>6</sup>

Date	From Whom	Purpose	Amount
		Please see attached. All monies received were for general office operations and expenses of the US Office.	
			Total

**(b) RECEIPTS - FUNDRAISING CAMPAIGN**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received, as part of a fundraising campaign<sup>7</sup>, any money on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes  No

If yes, have you filed an Exhibit D<sup>8</sup> to your registration? Yes  No

If yes, indicate the date the Exhibit D was filed. Date \_\_\_\_\_

**(c) RECEIPTS-THINGS OF VALUE**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received any thing of value<sup>9</sup> other than money from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal?

Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal	Date Received	Thing of Value	Purpose
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<sup>6, 7</sup> A registrant is required to file an Exhibit D if he collects or receives contributions, loans, moneys, or other things of value for a foreign principal, as part of a fundraising campaign. (See Rule 201(e)).  
<sup>8</sup> An Exhibit D, for which no printed form is provided, sets forth an account of money collected or received as a result of a fundraising campaign and transmitted for a foreign principal.  
<sup>9</sup> Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

15. (a) **DISBURSEMENTS-MONIES**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you

(1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes  No

(2) transmitted monies to any such foreign principal? Yes  No

If no, explain in full detail why there were no disbursements made on behalf of any foreign principal.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

Date	To Whom	Purpose Please see attached.	Amount
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Total

**(b) DISBURSEMENTS-THINGS OF VALUE**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you disposed of anything of value<sup>10</sup> other than money in furtherance of or in connection with activities on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement?

Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Recipient	Foreign Principal	Thing of Value	Purpose
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**(c) DISBURSEMENTS-POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you from your own funds and on your own behalf either directly or through any other person, made any contributions of money or other things of value<sup>11</sup> in connection with an election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election, convention, or caucus held to select candidates for political office?

Yes  No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Amount or Thing of Value	Political Organization or Candidate	Location of Event
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<sup>10, 11</sup> Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

## V - INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS

16. (a) During this 6 month reporting period, did you prepare, disseminate or cause to be disseminated any informational materials?<sup>12</sup>  
 Yes  No

If Yes, go to Item 17.

(b) If you answered No to Item 16(a), do you disseminate any material in connection with your registration?  
 Yes  No

If Yes, please forward the materials disseminated during the six month period to the Registration Unit for review.

17. Identify each such foreign principal.

National Council of Resistance of Iran, also known as National Council of Resistance, also known as NCRI

18. During this 6 month reporting period, has any foreign principal established a budget or allocated a specified sum of money to finance your activities in preparing or disseminating informational materials? Yes  No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal, specify amount, and indicate for what period of time.

19. During this 6 month reporting period, did your activities in preparing, disseminating or causing the dissemination of informational materials include the use of any of the following:

- Radio or TV broadcasts       Magazine or newspaper       Motion picture films       Letters or telegrams  
 Advertising campaigns       Press releases       Pamphlets or other publications       Lectures or speeches  
 Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

**Electronic Communications**

- Email  
 Website URL(s): www.ncrius.org  
 Social media websites URL(s): @ncrius  
 Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

20. During this 6 month reporting period, did you disseminate or cause to be disseminated informational materials among any of the following groups:

- Public officials       Newspapers       Libraries  
 Legislators       Editors       Educational institutions  
 Government agencies       Civic groups or associations       Nationality groups  
 Other (specify) Think tanks, NGOs

21. What language was used in the informational materials:

- English       Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

22. Did you file with the Registration Unit, U.S. Department of Justice a copy of each item of such informational materials disseminated or caused to be disseminated during this 6 month reporting period? Yes  No

23. Did you label each item of such informational materials with the statement required by Section 4(b) of the Act?  
 Yes  No

<sup>12</sup> The term informational materials includes any oral, visual, graphic, written, or pictorial information or matter of any kind, including that published by means of advertising, books, periodicals, newspapers, lectures, broadcasts, motion pictures, or any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce or otherwise. Informational materials disseminated by an agent of a foreign principal as part of an activity in itself exempt from registration, or an activity which by itself would not require registration, need not be filed pursuant to Section 4(b) of the Act.

**VI - EXECUTION**

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1746, the undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) under penalty of perjury that he/she has (they have) read the information set forth in this registration statement and the attached exhibits and that he/she is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his/her (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to truth or accuracy of the information contained in the attached Short Form Registration Statement(s), if any, insofar as such information is not within his/her (their) personal knowledge.

(Date of signature)

(Print or type name under each signature or provide electronic signature<sup>13</sup>)

June 29, 2015

/s/ Alireza Jafarzadeh

eSigned

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
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\_\_\_\_\_

<sup>13</sup> This statement shall be signed by the individual agent, if the registrant is an individual, or by a majority of those partners, officers, directors or persons performing similar functions, if the registrant is an organization, except that the organization can, by power of attorney, authorize one or more individuals to execute this statement on its behalf.

## Addendum to Item 12

List of speeches, panel discussions, and press conferences organized or attended by the National Council of Resistance of Iran-US Representative Office, for the period covering December 1, 2014 to May 31, 2015.

### Events:

1. **December 3, 2014:** The Newseum conference about foreign policy and Iran organized by the Bi-Partisan Policy Center and Foreign Policy Initiative. Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh attended the event and made a comment and asked a question.
2. **December 8, 2014**  
Book Release: *Eurojihad* by Dr. Angel Rabasa and Dr. Cheryl Benard, at the Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS). Mr. Ali Safavi attended the event and asked a question.
3. **January 28, 2015:**  
Memorial ceremony for the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, Embassy of Saudi Arabia, Washington, DC. Ms. Soona Samsami and Messrs. Alireza Jafarzadeh and Ali Safavi attended the event.
4. **February 24, 2015:**  
NCRI-US Press Conference, Revelations on Lavizan-3 nuclear enrichment site, related to the Iranian regime's nuclear weapons program. Ms. Soona Samsami and Messrs. Alireza Jafarzadeh were the presenters.
5. **March 3, 2015:**  
Alireza Jafarzadeh gave lecture at BAU International University in Washington, DC about the developments in the Middle East.
6. **March 12, 2014:**  
New York University Washington Branch, panel discussion, entitled, "The Islamic Republic of Iran, Peacemaker or Revolutionary." Mr. Ali Safavi was on the panel.
7. **March 27, 2015:**  
NCRI-US Iranian New Year Open House, Ms. Soona Samsami and Messrs. Alireza Jafarzadeh and Mr. Ali Safavi organized the event and welcomed the guests.
8. **April 7, 2015:**  
Alireza Jafarzadeh gave lecture at University of Baltimore about Iran threat in the region and how to contain Iran's nuclear weapons program.
9. **April 15, 2015:**  
Foundation for the Defense of Democracies (FDD), The Washington Forum. Mr. Ali Safavi attended the event.

**10. April 29, 2015:**

Congressional Hearing, Subcommittee on Terrorism, Non-Proliferation and Trade of the Foreign Affairs Committee, Mrs. Maryam Rajavi, the NCRI President-elect testified via videoconference. Ms. Soona Samsami and Messrs. Alireza Jafarzadeh and Ali Safavi attended the hearing.

**Meetings:**

1. **December 12, 2014:** Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments, discussing the Iranian regime's nuclear weapons program, support for terrorism. Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh attended the meeting.
2. **January 14, 2015:** Messrs. Alireza Jafarzadeh and Ali Safavi meeting with scholars at Transnational Threats Project, CSIS.
3. **March 6, 2015:** Congressional Research Service, discussing the situation at Camp Liberty, Iran's nuclear program.
4. **March 12, 2015:** Amb. Adam Ereli, former U.S. Ambassador to Bahrain, discussing the March 12 panel discussion at New York University.
5. **March 12, 2015:** Amb. Lincoln Bloomfield Jr., discussing the Iranian regime's nuclear program, prospects for an agreement, the situation of the residents of Camp Liberty.

**Media Interviews, Comments, Op-Ed submissions:**

1. **December 3, 2014:** The Hill newspaper, Ms. Soona Samsami Op-Ed submission on antigovernment protests by Iranian citizens.
2. **December 17, 2014:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussing Iran's nuclear program.
3. **December 17, 2014:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Jafarzadeh earlier in the day.
4. **January 6, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
5. **January 6, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Jafarzadeh earlier in the day.
6. **January 9, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed terrorist attack in France and Iran's sponsorship of terrorism.
7. **January 11, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Jafarzadeh earlier in the day.
8. **January 16, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
9. **January 16, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Jafarzadeh earlier in the day.
10. **January 21, 2015:** Foxnews.com, Op-Ed submission by Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on Iran's nuclear program.
11. **January 21, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
12. **January 26, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed Iran's terrorist threats against the United States.
13. **January 26, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Safavi earlier in the day.

14. **January 30, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed terrorist groups in the Middle East.
15. **January 30, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on television interview with Mr. Safavi earlier in the day.
16. **January 31, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Ms. Soona Samsami Op-Ed submission on the Iranian regime's role in exporting terrorism to the Middle East region.
17. **February 1, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Op-Ed submission by Mr. Soona Samsami on the threats posed by ISIS, Iran's nuclear program.
18. **February 3, 2015:** Wall Street Journal Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
19. **February 5, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed the threat posed by ISIS, Iran's nuclear program.
20. **February 18, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed the threat posed by ISIS, Iran's nuclear program, terrorism.
21. **February 18, 2015:** Newsmax website, article based on television interview with Mr. Ali Safavi earlier in the day.
22. **February 24, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed the latest revelation on the Lavizan-3 nuclear enrichment site.
23. **February 24, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed the latest revelation on the Lavizan-3 nuclear enrichment site.
24. **February 24, 2015:** Fox News Television, reporting live and during the day about the press conference held by Ms. Soona Samsami and Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh exposing Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Tehran.
25. **February 24, 2015:** FoxNews.com, article by Eric Shawn, "Iran pursuing nukes in underground complex despite talks with West, dissident group claims," quoting Ms. Soona Samsami and Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh.
26. **February 24, 2015:** The Washington Post, article quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on the revelation about Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Iran.
27. **February 24, 2015:** Christian Science Monitor, article quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on the revelation about Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Iran.
28. **February 24, 2015:** DPA International article quoting Ms. Soona Samsami on the revelation about Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Iran.
29. **February 25, 2015:** USA Today, article quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on the revelation about Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Iran.
30. **February 25, 2015:** USA Today, article quoting Ms. Soona Samsami on the revelation about Lavizan-3 nuclear site in Iran.
31. **February 26, 2015:** USA Today article, quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh about the Lavizan-3 site.
32. **February 28, 2015:** Foxnews Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed the latest revelation on the Lavizan-3 nuclear enrichment site.
33. **March 2, 2015:** France 24 Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
34. **March 3, 2015:** Bloomberg Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
35. **March 10, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed letter sent by 47 Senators to the Iranian regime's Supreme Leader on Iran's nuclear program.
36. **March 10, 2015:** Newsmax.com, article based on the television interview with Mr. Ali Safavi earlier in the day.

37. **March 16, 2015:** Front Page Magazine, quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh about the nuclear revelation in Washington, DC.
38. **March 17, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Ms. Soona Samsami Op-Ed submission on the plight of women in Iran.
39. **March 26, 2015:** Newsmax Television, interview by Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh about Iran's upcoming nuclear deadline.
40. **March 26, 2015:** Newsmax.com, quoting Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on the nuclear program of Iran.
41. **March 29, 2015:** FoxNews.com, commentary by Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh published on the website about the nuclear program of Iran.
42. **April 2, 2015:** Bloomberg Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
43. **April 2, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed the Lausanne agreement between the P5+1 and the Iranian regime.
44. **April 2, 2015:** Newsmax.com, quoted Mr. Ali Safavi on the Lausanne agreement.
45. **April 3, 2015:** Newsmax Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
46. **April 3, 2015:** Wall Street Journal Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed Iran's nuclear program.
47. **April 3, 2015:** Newsmax.com, quoting Mr. Ali Safavi on the Lausanne nuclear agreement with Iran.
48. **April 8, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Mr. Ali Safavi Op-Ed submission on Iran's nuclear program.
49. **April 13, 2015:** FoxNews.com, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh Op-Ed submission on Iran's supreme leader comments on the nuclear program of Iran.
50. **April 14, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh Op-Ed submission on the nuclear talks with Iran.
51. **April 16, 2015:** Wall Street Journal Television, Mr. Ali Safavi discussed Iran's nuclear program.
52. **April 16, 2015:** WND Radio, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussed the increase in the rate of executions in Iran.
53. **April 20, 2015:** The 3D View of Iran: Viable Military Option a Must in Nuclear Deal, Accuracy in Media. Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh was quoted in the article.
54. **April 23, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh Op-Ed submission on Iran's nuclear program.
55. **April 24, 2015:** The New York Times, Ms. Soona Samsami, letter to the editor.
56. **May 1, 2015:** Fox News Television: Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh interviewed on Fox News Special Report about the role of Javad Zarif and Hassan Rouhani as well as the Supreme Leader Ali Khamenei to build the Bomb.
57. **May 14, 2015:** France 24 Television, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh discussing the May 14, 2015 Camp David Summit following President Obama's statement at the end of the summit.
58. **May 15, 2015:** The Hill newspaper, Ms. Soona Samsami Op-Ed submission, "Iran post-nuclear deal: Killing spree continues," on the situation of human rights in Iran.
59. **May 27, 2015:** Washington Free Beacon, quoting Mr. Ali Safavi on Cartoon contest organized by the Iranian regime against ISIS.
60. **May 28, 2015:** International Business Times, Ms. Soona Samsami commenting on the situation of human rights in Iran.

61. **May 29, 2015:** WTOP radio, interview with Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh on latest revelation on Iran's nuclear weapons program.
62. **May 29, 2015:** WTOP website, article based on television interview with Mr. Jafarzadeh earlier in the day.
63. **May 29, 2015:** Foxnews.com, Mr. Alireza Jafarzadeh Op-Ed submission on Iran's nuclear cooperation with North Korea.

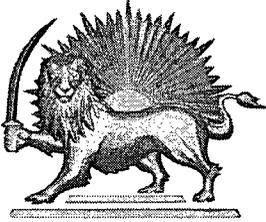
**Addendum to item 15 (a) NCRI-US Expenses from 1 December 2014 to 31 May 2015**

<b>National Council of Resistance - US Representative Office</b>							
<b>1 December 2014 – 31 May 2015</b>							
<b>Expense Item</b>	<b>Dec-14</b>	<b>Jan-15</b>	<b>Feb-15</b>	<b>Mar-15</b>	<b>Apr-15</b>	<b>May-15</b>	<b>Total</b>
Accounting Fees	\$1,000.00	\$2,380.00				\$506.97	\$3,886.97
Office Services	\$186.12	\$186.12	\$186.12	\$204.73	\$204.73	\$204.73	\$1,172.55
Legal Fees	\$21,304.41						\$21,304.41
Facilities and Equipment	\$285.55	\$51.05	\$54.38	\$239.47	\$397.72	\$255.29	\$1,283.46
Rent, Parking, Utilities	\$25,517.72	\$131.26	\$13,024.90	\$13,016.05	\$12,968.55	\$25,810.05	\$90,468.53
Books, Subscriptions, Reference	\$1,827.00						\$1,827.00
Postage, Mailing Service	\$490.00	\$12.97	\$12.97	\$606.44	\$12.97	\$12.97	\$1,148.32
Supplies	\$156.01	\$359.22	\$731.20	\$70.32		\$28.82	\$1,345.57
Telephone, Telecommunications	\$1,230.59	\$24.95	\$186.45	\$175.28	\$9.95	\$1,692.89	\$3,320.11
Gifts	\$272.00	\$94.98		\$24.00	\$60.82		\$451.80
Bank Charges	\$90.89	\$1,617.33	\$84.26	\$91.49	\$159.03	\$104.80	\$2,147.80
Events			\$6,008.87				\$6,008.87
Meals	\$157.97	\$630.00	\$134.70	\$352.95	\$496.46	\$468.11	\$2,240.19
Travel	\$158.90	\$148.05	\$111.00	\$162.68	\$207.69	\$407.27	\$1,195.59
Education, Promotion & Outreach	\$64.00						\$64.00
Publications	\$800.00			\$720.00	\$700.00		\$2,220.00
Press Releases/Media	\$15.00	\$32.88	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$107.88
Promotional Supplies	\$12.95	\$12.95	\$540.92	\$12.95	\$1,489.58	\$1,300.46	\$3,369.81
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>\$53,569.11</b>	<b>\$5,681.76</b>	<b>\$21,090.77</b>	<b>\$15,691.36</b>	<b>\$16,722.50</b>	<b>\$30,807.36</b>	<b>\$143,562.86</b>

<b>Addendum to Item 14 (a)-contributors-Dec 1, 2014 to May 31, 2015</b>						
<b>List of contributors for NCRI-US</b>						
<b>List of donors</b>	<b>December</b>	<b>Jan</b>	<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>
US-1100	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1101	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
US-1102	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1103	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1104					\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1105	\$2,000.00					
US-1106	\$450.00				\$1,100.00	
US-1107	\$5,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
US-1108	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1109	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1110		\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
US-1111	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1112	\$150.00					
US-1113	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1114	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00
US-1115	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
US-1116	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1117	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00
US-1118	\$700.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1119	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1120	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1121	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
US-1122	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1123	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1124	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1125	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1126	\$2,250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
US-1127	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1128	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1129	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00
US-1130	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00
US-1131	\$400.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
US-1132	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00
US-1133	\$200.00	\$100.00				
US-1134	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00

Donors	December	Jan	Feb	March	April	May
US-1135	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
US-1136	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1137	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00
US-1138	\$250.00	\$350.00	\$350.00	\$350.00	\$350.00	\$350.00
US-1139	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1140	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$400.00
US-1141	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
US-1142	\$2,200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1143	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
US-1144	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1145					\$50.00	
US-1146	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$125.00
US-1147	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1148	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1149	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
US-1150	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1151	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1152	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
US-1153	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1154	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00			
US-1155	\$500.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
US-1156	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1157	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1158	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1159	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1160	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
US-1161	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
US-1162	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1163	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00
US-1164	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1165	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1166	\$1,000.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00
US-1168	\$200.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
US-1169	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
US-1170	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1171	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
US-1172	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1173	\$150.00		\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
US-1174	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1175	\$175.00	\$175.00	\$175.00	\$175.00	\$675.00	\$175.00

<b>Donors</b>	<b>December</b>	<b>Jan</b>	<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>
US-1178	\$100.00					
US-1180	\$10,000.00					
US-1181	\$500.00					
US-1183	\$3,000.00					
US-1185						\$12,000.00
US-1186					\$150.00	
US-1187				\$1,200.00		
US-1188	\$5,000.00					
US-1189					\$20.00	\$20.00
US-1190					\$20.00	\$20.00
US-1191					\$50.00	\$50.00
US-1192						\$100.00
US-1193						\$50.00
US-1194	\$100.00					
	\$42,045.00	\$15,095.00	\$15,145.00	\$15,845.00	\$16,735.00	\$27,110.00
<b>Total contribution from Dec 1 2014 to May 30, 2015</b>						<b>\$131,975.00</b>



## **National Council of Resistance of Iran US Representative Office**

1747 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Suite 1125, Washington, DC 20006;  
Tel: 202-747-7847; Fax 202-330-5346; info@ncrius.org; twitter: @ncrius

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### **PRESS CONFERENCE**

**TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 2015; 10:00 AM  
HOLMAN LOUNGE, NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING**

Contact: Ali Safavi  
T. 202-747-7487; C. 571-224-5682  
RSVP: info@ncrius.org

#### **SECRET, PARALLEL NUCLEAR PROGRAM IN IRAN – DETAILS TO BE UNVEILED**

**Washington, DC, February 22** – Through its sources within the Iranian regime, the National Council of Resistance of Iran (NCRI) has obtained critical and reliable intelligence on the existence of an active and secret parallel nuclear program in Iran.

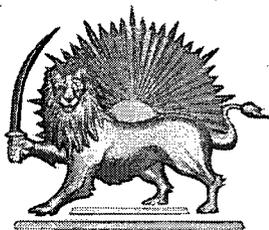
The U.S. Representative Office of the National Council of Resistance of Iran (NCRI-US)\* will hold a press conference on Tuesday, February 24, 2015, at 10:00 am at the Holeman Lounge, National Press Building, to unveil the details.

NCRI has exposed some of the most significant dimensions of the Iranian regime's nuclear weapons program, including Natanz uranium enrichment and Arak heavy water sites (August 2002), Kalaye Electric centrifuge assembly and testing facility (February 2003), Lashkar Ab'ad laser enrichment and Lavizan-Shian sites (May 2003), Fordo underground enrichment site (December 2005), and Defensive Innovation and Research Organization, SPND (July 2011).

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\* *These materials are being distributed by the National Council of Resistance of Iran-U.S. Representative Office. Additional information is on file with the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.*



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**Tuesday, 24 February 2015**

### **NCRI Reveals**

**Details of an underground top-secret site currently used by  
the Iranian regime for research and development with  
advanced centrifuges for uranium enrichment**

**Since 2008, the Iranian regime has engaged in research and uranium  
enrichment with advanced IR-2m, IR-3 and IR-4 centrifuges under  
the cover of an Intelligence Ministry center**

#### **Introduction**

The following information is the result of a decade-long, detailed, risky and complex effort by the network of the NCRI's main component, the Mujahedin-e Khalq (MEK) inside Iran.

The MEK has obtained this intelligence from highly placed sources within the Iranian regime as well as those involved in the nuclear weapons projects. The process of vetting and corroborating this information involved multiple sources, acting independent of one another over a span of many years. The vetting and verification process has just been completed enabling us to reveal this information now.

#### **Executive Summary**

1. Despite the Iranian regime's claims that all of its enrichment activities are transparent and under the supervision of the International Atomic Energy Agency, it has in fact been engaged in research and development with advanced centrifuges at a secret nuclear site called Lavizan-3, in a military base in northeast Tehran suburbs.

2. Since 2008, the Iranian regime has secretly engaged in research and uranium enrichment with advanced IR-2m, IR-3 and IR-4 centrifuge machines at this site.
3. The Iranian Ministry of Intelligence and Security (MOIS) is directly responsible for the protection and security of this complex; disguising it as a secret MOIS center, unrelated to nuclear activities, to prevent it from being identified as a secret nuclear site.
4. This site is located in an area of about 500 by 500 meters, (250,000 m<sup>2</sup>; roughly 62 acres). The primary nuclear site is buried deep underground in tunnels and underground facilities spanning about 2000 m<sup>2</sup> (0.5 acres).
5. To go to the underground site, an elevator descends several stories, deep underground and opens into a 200-meter tunnel, which leads to four parallel halls. Because the ground is inclined, the halls are deeper underground, as deep as approximately 50 meters.
6. Each of the halls is 40 by 10 meter (400 m<sup>2</sup>). The four halls are 50 meters apart from one another.
7. The halls have 3 by 3 meter and 40 centimeter-thick, radiation proof doors. There is shielding material, including lead, inside the doors to prevent radiation leak. (Enclosed is a picture of one of the shielding doors of the underground facility in Lavizan-3)
8. The underground facilities are dual layered to prevent radiation and sound leaks.
9. The Defense Ministry has built these tunnels and underground facilities under the direction of IRGC Brig. Gen. Seyyed Ali Hosseini-Tash, the then Deputy Defense Minister.
10. Kalaye Electric Company, affiliated with the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran, and responsible for enrichment has overseen the construction of this site. Morteza Behzad, an engineer and key nuclear official, who played a major role in starting up the Fordo underground uranium enrichment site, was in charge of managing Lavizan-3.

### **Details of the Revelation**

1. Lavizan-3 site is used for research and development as well as uranium enrichment with advanced centrifuges.
2. Since 2008, the Iranian regime has secretly engaged in research and uranium enrichment with advanced IR-2m, IR-3 and IR-4 centrifuge machines at this site.
3. Kalaye Electric Company, affiliated with the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran has overseen the construction of this site. Kalaye Electric has been involved in uranium enrichment for the Iranian regime and pursued

different parts of the construction, including the manufacturing and installation of centrifuges as well as enrichment activities<sup>1</sup>.

4. Morteza Behzad, an engineer, who played a key part in starting up the underground uranium enrichment site, Fordo, near the city of Qom, and the liaison between the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran and the Defense Ministry, was among the managers of Lavizan-3 site<sup>2</sup>.
5. This site is among a collection of complexes built on the orders of IRGC Brig. Gen. Seyyed Ali Hosseini-Tash<sup>3</sup>, the then Deputy Defense Minister, whose job has been to pursue the building of nuclear weapons. At the time, the entity responsible for building nuclear weapons, Center for Defensive Preparedness and Technology, was headed by Mohsen Fakhrizadeh Mahabadi, and operated under the direction of Hosseini-Tash. In recent years, the entity in charge of manufacturing nuclear weapons is called Defensive Innovation and Research Organization, known by its Farsi acronym, SPND. Hosseini-Tash is currently the deputy to the Supreme National Security Council.
6. Experts in Center for Defensive Preparedness and Technology (Fakhar Moghaddam Group), which is part of SPND, have joined senior experts of the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran to carry out enrichment research. Fakhar Moghaddam Group is tasked with nuclear physics research and production of enriched uranium.

### Ownership of the site

1. The garrison housing this site is located within a military zone, which belonged to the Iranian Army under the Shah. It is considered a restricted military zone.
2. The land was handed over to the Prime Ministry's Office in 1972.
3. Following the 1979 revolution, the land was transferred to the Ministry of Intelligence and Security. But local residents have been told it belongs to the President's Office.

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<sup>1</sup> Kalaye Electric site, located on the Damavand Highway, northeast of Tehran, was exposed by the NCRI in February 2003 and was immediately requested to be inspected by the IAEA; which was granted several months later. The IAEA discovered that the site had been a uranium enrichment testing facility after finding traces of highly enriched uranium there. Up to 50 centrifuges had been cascaded to carry out research. The research conducted at Lavizan-3 is similar to the research at Kalaye Electric before it was exposed by the NCRI.

<sup>2</sup> Morteza Behzad is a key official in the Iranian regime's nuclear program involved in starting up Fordo enrichment site near the city of Qom. He was the liaison between Atomic Energy Organization of Iran and the Defense Ministry and was included in the UN Security Council's sanctions list, (see 3 March 2008 Annex I of resolution 1803) and "designated for involvement in making centrifuge components."

<sup>3</sup> According to Hassan Rouhani's book, "National Security and Nuclear Diplomacy," Hosseini-Tash was a key member of the Nuclear Committee in the Supreme National Security Council. The NCRI exposed him in 2004 as the official responsible for nuclear weapons manufacturing in Iran.

### **Location of the site**

1. This site is located in km 3 of Army Boulevard (formerly Lashkarak highway), in the northeastern suburbs of Tehran. (See the satellite imagery).
2. It is situated in a piece of land, approximately 500 by 500 m (an area of 250,000 m<sup>2</sup>, approximately 62 acres).
3. Army Boulevard (three kilometers from Araj Square) is on the north side of the site. Shahmoradi Street is to the east. Ghamar Bani-Hashem Street is to the west and residential apartments of Lavizan-3 (Khoshrou Township) are to the south of this site. Lavizan-3 Township is the residential quarters for Army commanders and entry requires special permission.
4. There are two distinct sections at this site, separated by a wall. The northern gate of this complex at the Army Boulevard and the northeastern gate on Shahmoradi Street are always closed and only opened with prior notice and permission. But the southern gate at Shahmoradi Street, where the Matiran Company is located, is controlled by sentry guards.
5. A separate complex, 170 by 170 m is located in the southeastern part of this site. A two-story building 70 by 70 m is built in the middle of this area. According to our intelligence, one of the doors of the tunnel is underneath this building.
6. The building inside the area is white and the walls around it are built with red bricks and are about three meters tall.
7. After 2010, a six-story building was reconstructed or built from scratch in the northern section of this site. This building and several other buildings are within the larger area of this complex.

### **Front Entity to Cover Up the Site:**

1. Following the exposure of Natanz and Arak sites in August 2002, Kalaye Electric site in February 2003 and Lavizan-Shian site in May 2003 by the NCRI, based on the information from the network inside Iran of its main component organization, the Mujahedin-e Khalq (MEK), the MOIS conducted a security assessment. Accordingly, the regime decided to task the MOIS with the protection of its nuclear projects and facilities. One of the most important sites was the Lavizan-3 research facility. The MOIS took responsibility and specified the type of protective cover and security arrangement for it.
2. The Iranian Ministry of Intelligence and Security (MOIS) is directly responsible for the protection and security of this complex; disguising it as a secret MOIS center, unrelated to nuclear activities, to prevent it from being identified as a secret nuclear site.

3. The entire site is under the supervision of the Intelligence Ministry's Technical Directorate and consists of two sections: Jamal Complex and Matiran Company.
4. Jamal Complex is comprised of several large buildings and complexes. The main building in this complex is a six-story building northeast of the area. An Intelligence Ministry director, Sabeti is in charge of this complex. The head of security is an official named Mo'azam.
5. The second part of this complex is Matiran Company, which is located in the southern section of the garrison and is separated from the other areas by a wall.
6. Matiran Company is part of the Intelligence Ministry's Technical Directorate, and produces digital identification cards, birth certificates and other security-related cards. The advanced laser printers of the company are located in the upper floors of this square-shaped building at the site.
7. Hamid Shoaibi is the head of the Matiran Company and is also the head of "Organization of the Country's Security Documents," a part of the Intelligence Ministry.<sup>4</sup>

### **Specifications of the Underground Facilities**

1. The main nuclear activities site is underground, inside the tunnels and underground facilities, spanning more than 2000 m<sup>2</sup> (0.5 acres).
2. The workshops are built underground. To get there, an elevator descends several stories deep underground and opens into a 200-meter long tunnel, which leads to four parallel halls. Because the ground is inclined, the halls are deeper in the ground, as deep as 50 meters.
3. Each of the halls is about 400 m<sup>2</sup>; 10 by 40 meters. And the parallel halls are built 50 meters apart from one another.
4. The halls have 3 by 3 m radiation proof doors that are 40 centimeters thick and weigh about 8 tons. There is shielding material inside the doors, including lead to prevent radiation leak.
5. The walls of the tunnels are dual-layered in order to prevent radiation and sound leak.
6. The underground facilities have special ventilation and air conditioning systems, which prevent the underground activities from emitting radiation and other fumes, which would expose the nature of these activities.
7. Forklifts are used to move around the equipment and material inside the tunnels.

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<sup>4</sup> Experts working at the Matiran Company, which is located in the square building at Lavizan-3 site include Majid Shafiee, Production Manager, Massoud Taghipour, Design Section and Abbas Khodaverdi, Chief Technical Officer.

### The Construction Entity

1. The Hara Company, which is a part of the Khatam al-Anbia Garrison of the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps, has built these tunnels. Hara has constructed other secret defense projects.<sup>5</sup> IRGC Brig. Gen. Mehdi Etessam was in charge of Hara when these tunnels were built. Ali Alizadeh was in charge of the secret defense projects of Hara and Mohsen Karimi was the Director of its Technical Directorate. Since November 2014, Karim Ganjeh has been in charge of Hara Company.
2. Intelligence indicates that excavating the tunnels began in early 2004. The underground facilities were completed around 2008. The construction took longer because Hara Company tried to be least visible and minimize the noise generated by the excavating equipment underground.
3. The underground site was built by the Defense Ministry for Brig. Gen. Seyyed Ali Hosseini-Tash, the then-Deputy Defense Minister.

### The Site's Security Arrangements

1. Because this site was built in a piece of land owned and controlled by the Intelligence Ministry, the MOIS maximized security measures. Since the start of construction, the Ministry made some changes to keep the nuclear activities secret.
2. There are sentry guards at the entrance of the site and the entire complex has closed circuit monitors. There are seven sentry posts around the site, which points to maximum security.
3. During the construction of the site, several code names were used. Some agencies were told the site was "Ozgol Headquarters" of the Iranian regime's Air Force. Local residents were told this was part of the Presidential Complex. This is very similar to the disguise used to keep the Fordo site secret. The regime had described it as an IRGC missile site, called Nour al-Mehdi Garrison.
4. Because of the sensitivity of Shahmoradi Street, the end of the street is closed with a large gate, making it a dead-end street. Only the personnel of the military centers and those residing in the same street. (In addition to Lavizan-3 site, a military residential complex, called 64-unit, an Army Garrison called Baharvar, and an electronic industry spare parts factory [among the Electronic Group factories affiliated with the Defense Ministry] are located on Shahmoradi Street.)

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<sup>5</sup> Listed in an annex to U.N. Security Council Resolution 1929 of June 9, 2010, as an IRGC entity with a role "in Iran's proliferation-sensitive nuclear activities and the development of nuclear weapon delivery systems."

## Conclusion:

Despite the Iranian regime's claims of transparency in its nuclear activities today's intelligence makes it clear that it has been continuing to lie for more than a decade. Research and Development with advanced centrifuges in secret sites are only intended to advance the nuclear weapons project. While the regime deceived the world into believing that it had halted its nuclear weapons program in 2003, it had been in fact heavily involved in preparing this nuclear site from 2004 to 2008.

If the United States is serious about preventing the Iranian regime from obtaining nuclear weapons, it must make the continuation of the talks conditional on IAEA's immediately inspecting the Lavizan-3 site. Any delay in doing so will enable the regime to destroy the evidence as it has done in the past.

On October 30, 2014, Secretary Kerry said that one of the "four present pathways to a bomb for Iran" is through "covert activities," and that "our goal is to shut off each pathway." Our intelligence today demonstrates that the covert advancement of the nuclear program is the most serious pathway the Iranian regime is pursuing.

Therefore, if the US and its partners in P5+1 seek to block Tehran's pathway to the bomb, they must demanding the following:

1. Complete implementation of all Security Council Resolutions.
2. Immediate halt to any enrichment and the closure of related facilities, including Natanz, Fordo and Arak.
3. Signing the Additional Protocol and the start of IAEA's snap and unconditional inspection of all sites and unhindered access to documents and experts suspected of being involved in the nuclear project.

The notion that the Iranian regime will abandon their nuclear weapons program thru nuclear talks is misguided and the byproduct of the mullahs' duplicity and western economic and political expediency. Those who hope to secure the regime's cooperation in the campaign against extremism by offering concessions to the mullahs are both increasing the chances of a nuclear-armed Iran and contributing to the spread of Islamic extremism.

The ultimate solution to prevent the nightmare of extremists becoming nuclear is though firmness, comprehensive sanctions and support for the Iranian people and their Resistance as they strive to change the theocratic regime in Iran.

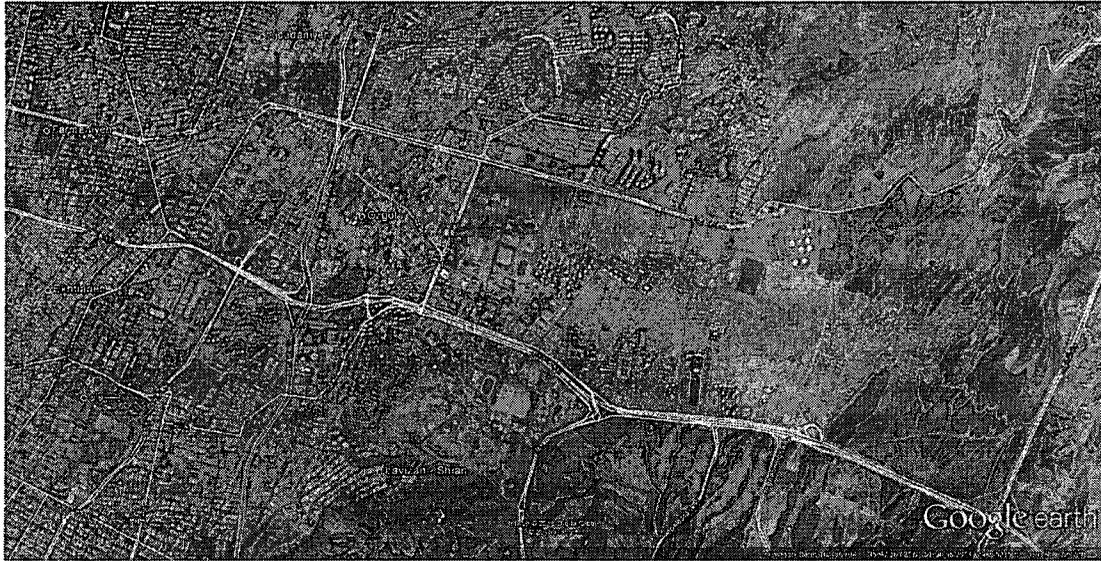
**Attachments:**

- Satellite imagery of the Lavizan-3 site
- picture of the shielding door used in Lavizan-3 underground halls

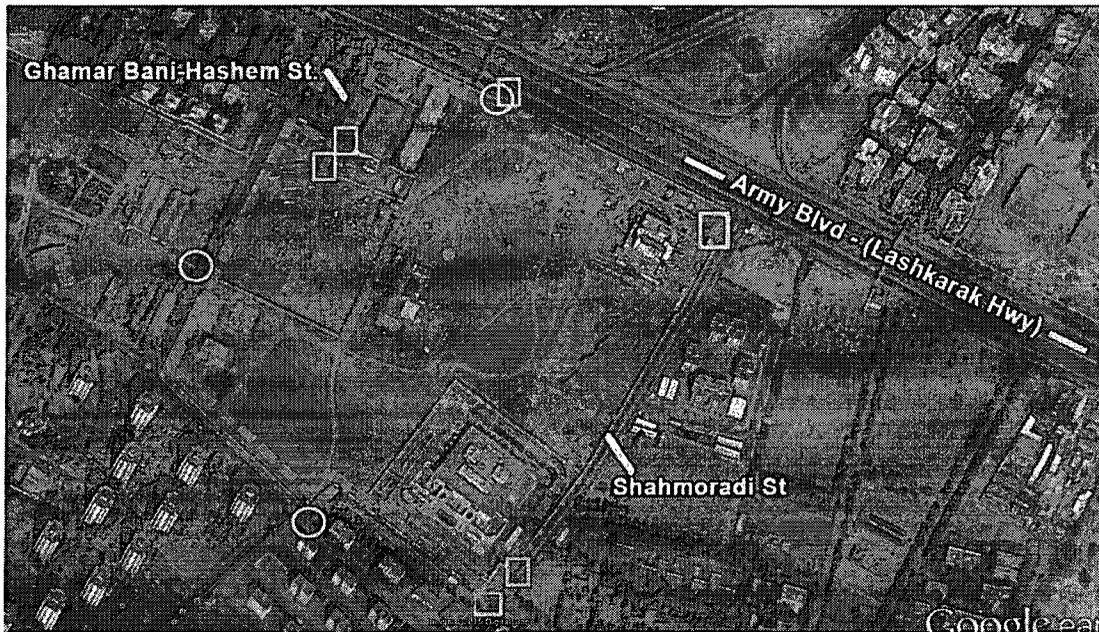
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*These materials are being distributed by the National Council of Resistance of Iran-U.S. Representative Office.  
Additional information is on file with the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.*

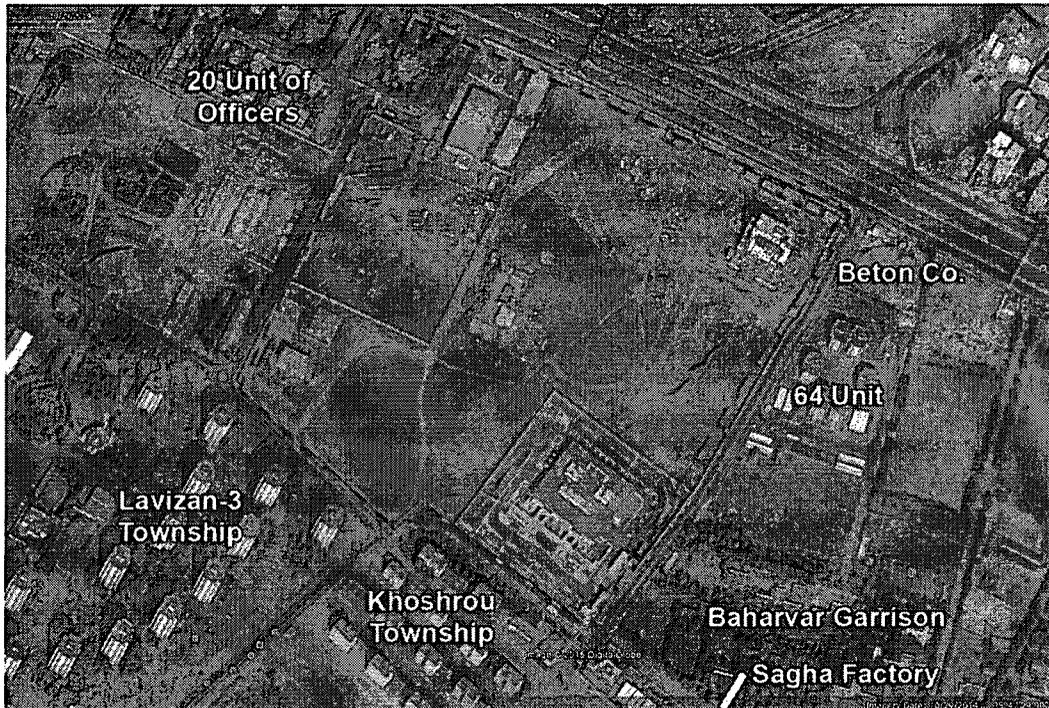
### Satellite imagery of Lavizan 3 site



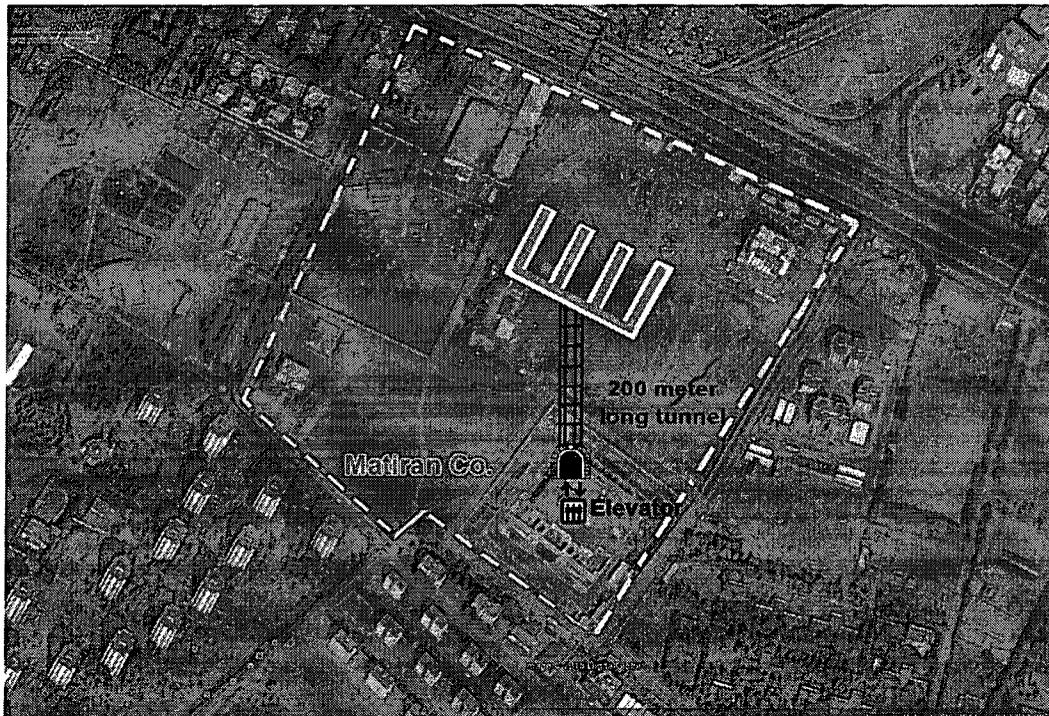
*Location of Lavizan-3 in northeast Tehran*



*Satellite imagery of Lavizan-3; showing the streets around it; circled marks show the security observation kiosks, and rectangle marks show entrances*

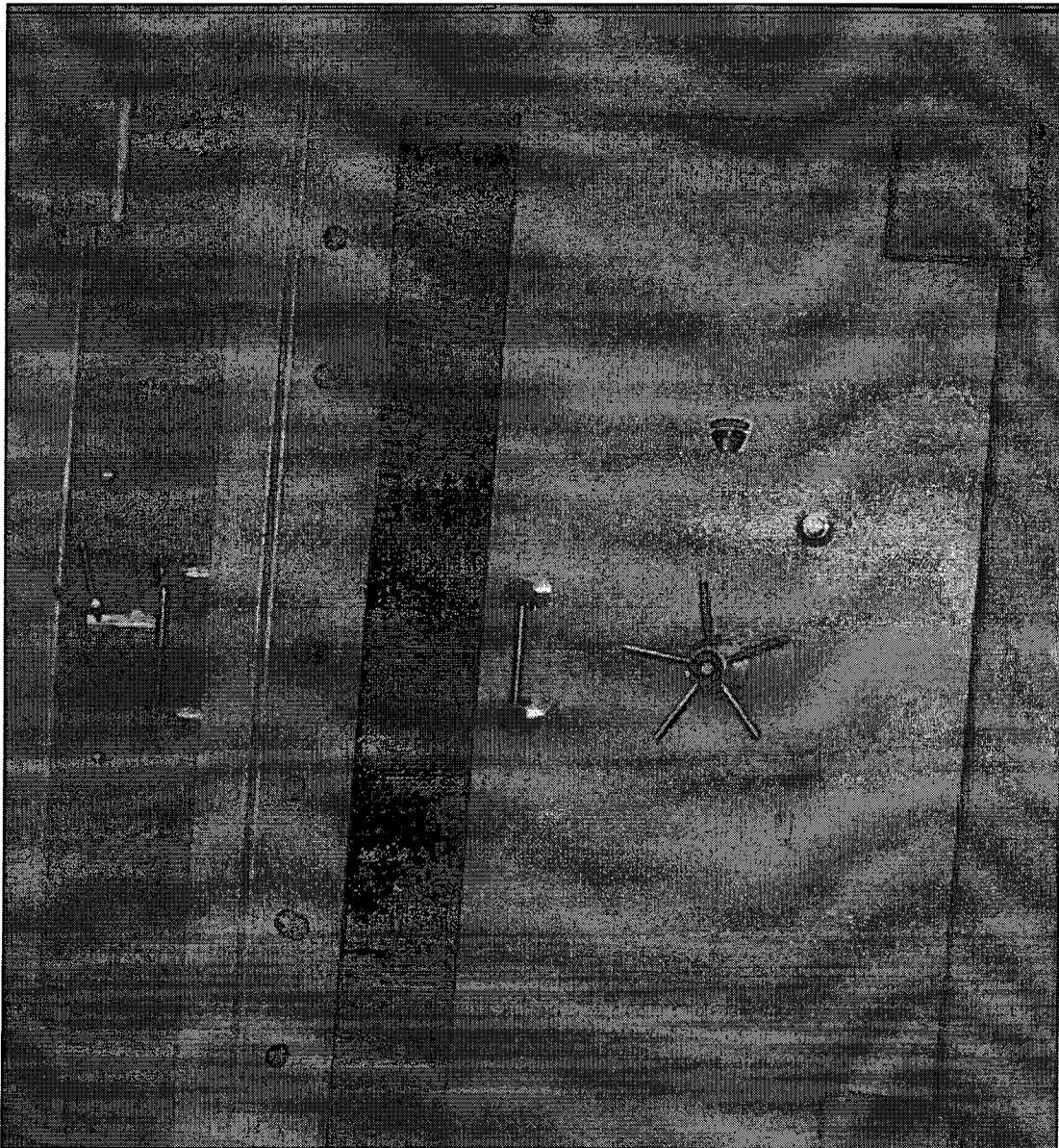


*Lavizan-3 located in a garrison, surrounded by military buildings and facilities*



*Approximate location of the underground tunnel and halls, as well as the elevator in Matiran Company that leads to this underground facility.*

**The image of one of the shielding doors at Lavizan-3  
installed at an underground hall**





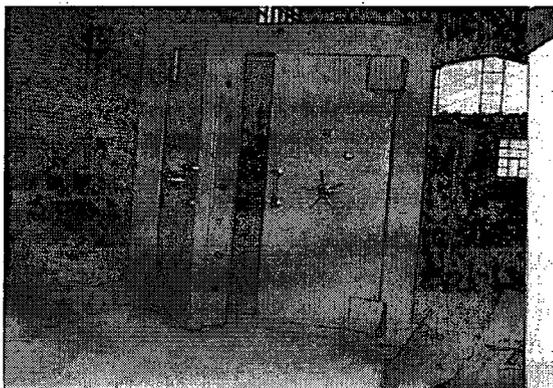
REUTERS

February 27, 2015

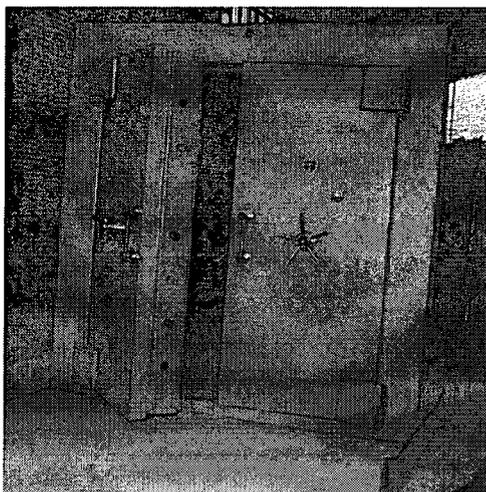
## NCRI-US: Tehran terrified of revelation of secret nuclear site

### *New details about Lavizan-3 and fresh calls for immediate IAEA inspections*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 2015 /PRNewswire-USNewswire/ -- Subsequent to the Iranian Resistance's revelations about the Lavizan-3 site, which the religious fascism ruling Iran had hidden for years, panic and fear have set in among the leaders of the regime, who are extremely worried about the implications of the disclosure of the new nuclear site.



*The original image obtained by the NCRI. The background shows parts of the GMP workshop where the door was built for Lavizan-3. (PRNewsFoto/NCRI-US)*



*The picture uploaded on the GMP website, which is a crop of the original image obtained by NCRI (PRNewsFoto/NCRI-US)*

Instead of inviting International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) inspectors to visit the location, the regime sidestepped simple questions about Lavizan-3 - the nature of the site and the activities there - and unleashed a barrage of insults, fallacies, red herrings, and lies.

When all such gesturing proved ineffective, the clerical regime fell back on another tactic, thrusting its agents to the scene to claim that the door, the picture of which was displayed during Tuesday's press conference, was an image grabs from the website of a safe manufacturer company called GMP. On February 26, the regime's official news agency IRNA quoted a state-affiliated website as saying, "It was claimed that the picture shows an explosive-proof vault door related to the site. ... The picture was taken by a fire-proof door manufacturer GMP and is available on its website." The carbon copy of this story was then disseminated through a large number of other state-affiliated media outlets.

However, the multi-year investigations of the MEK and the NCRI's Security and Anti-terrorism and Defense and Strategic Research committees are comprehensive and detailed enough that the regime cannot sweep the scandal under the carpet by resorting to such lies.

The NCRI-US would like to make public the following additional points with respect to GMP, as well as the picture based on information obtained by MEK sources inside Iran:

1. While the regime wants to portray GMP as a private safe manufacturer, it is in fact a state-affiliated enterprise disguised as a private company. It specializes in manufacturing heavy explosive-proof, radiation-resistant doors, and bullet-proof vaults, winning customers exclusively from the regime's military institutions, defense ministry, intelligence ministry, the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran, and the National Iranian Oil Company.
2. The company manufactures doors to protect weapons depots operated by state organs such as the Intelligence Ministry. Some of the doors are small enough to allow people to go through while some are large enough to allow vehicle passage. Last year, the company produced explosive-proof doors for Pars Garma in Gachsaran, which is affiliated with the defense ministry. Pars Garma was previously exposed by the Iranian Resistance and is involved in digging a number of tunnels for the IRGC Space and Aviation Organization (which produces missiles) as well as the regime's nuclear installations.
3. In 2004, Kalaye Electric Company ordered four doors from GMP. Kalaye Electric's go between with GMP was an individual named Shahbazian, an acquaintance of Farrokh Esfandiari, the Director General of GMP. At the time, the cost of building each door was about \$30,000, with a construction time of roughly three months. Their dimensions were 3m x 3m, with a thickness of 40 cm, each weighing 8 tons. The doors are made from two thick metal with shielding layers including lead in the middle designed to block radiation. The doors are custom built and information about them is classified. The quality of the parts is vetted by the client, with some parts imported from abroad.
4. Three documents showing the company's communications with the Defense Ministry have been obtained by the Iranian Resistance. One of those documents outlines specifications and calculations concerning radiation-proof doors. A part of the document regarding radiation-proof doors has been posted on the company website. In a catalogue on radiation-proof doors, which have been installed at Lavizan-3, GMP notes that the doors are used for "nuclear facilities" and have "military applications for nuclear and laser systems." On its website, however, the section on "military applications for nuclear and laser systems" has been removed.
5. The catalogue specifies, "This product ranks among products that may potentially be used in the nuclear energy program and remains under sanctions. External procurement is impractical and importing them is not financially feasible due to the high overall costs - roughly four times the cost of production by this company, which yields the same quality of product." Clearly, GMP is well aware of the applications of these doors in nuclear installations.
6. USA Today wrote in its Friday edition that GMP posted a picture of the doors installed at Lavizan-3 on its website on February 12, 2015. The Iranian Resistance, however, had obtained a number of such pictures long before. The original of the picture displayed during the press conference on February 24 shows the same door as well as an extensive portion of the GMP workshop, which is different from the picture posted on the company's website and could not have been a downloaded copy. The two pictures, one posted on the website

and the other, the original of the picture displayed at the press conference, have been enclosed.

7. The NCRI-US repeats its calls to the IAEA and P5+1, especially the U.S. government, to enable UN inspectors to immediately visit the site before the Iranian regime can destroy evidence of wrongdoing as it did with regards to the Lavizan-Shian location. Otherwise, continuing negotiations with this regime and any form of agreement with it would amount to accepting its deceptive tactics while leaving the door open for the acquisition of a nuclear weapon by the godfather and banker of international terrorism.

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<http://www.ncrius.org>

Photo - <http://photos.prnewswire.com/prnh/20150227/178533>

Photo - <http://photos.prnewswire.com/prnh/20150227/178532>

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SOURCE NCRI-US

*These materials are being distributed by the National Council of Resistance of Iran-U.S. Representative Office. Additional information is on file with the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.*



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Press Release  
For Immediate Release

February 25, 2015  
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### **Iran regime's hysteric reaction to NCRI revelations exposing its decade-long deception**

At a news conference at the National Press Club on Tuesday, February 24, 2015, the U.S. Representative Office of Iran's Parliament-in-exile, the National Council of Resistance of Iran (NCRI), unveiled for the first time details and specifications of Lavizan-3 site, where research and testing with advanced centrifuge machines for the purpose of uranium enrichment were being conducted.

Some 30 hours after that revelation, the Iranian regime, utterly dumfounded and jolted over the exposure of one of its top-secret sites by the Iranian Resistance, instead of addressing the concerns of the international community about the nature of the activities in Lavizan-3 and providing access to the International Atomic Energy Agency, resorted to a hasty, desperate and pathetic propaganda blitz against the Iranian Resistance.

On Sunday February 23, the NCRI-US announced that it intends to hold a press conference on "Secret, Parallel Nuclear Program in Iran – Details To Be Unveiled." The next day, the regime president Hassan Rouhani and the head of the expediency council, Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, preemptively attempted to cast doubt on what was going to be made public, describing it a "big lie." Following the press conference on Tuesday, February 24th, the Iranian regime's envoy to the UN, Gholamali Khoshroo, and Mansour Haqiqat-pour, the deputy chair of the national security and foreign policy committee of the Iranian regime's parliament, side stepped NCRI's intelligence entirely, instead crying out that the NCRI was "anti-humanitarian" and a "spent, mercenary force."

If that were not enough, a website in an article written by an unidentified person claimed that the image of the 40 cm thick and radiation-proof doors of the four halls underground Lavizan-3 site, presented at the conference and included in the NCRI report, was fabricated and was actually taken from the website of a company in Iran, Ganjineh Mehr Pars (GMP), which specializes in building explosive-proof doors. One other discredited website, whose collaboration with the Iranian regime has been common knowledge for the past 10 years, posted the same story.

#### **The NCRI-US office offers the following clarification:**

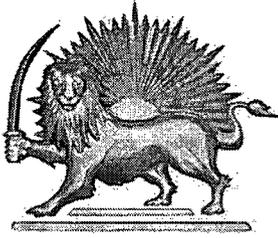
1. The Iranian Resistance reiterates most emphatically its call on the International Atomic Energy Agency to demand immediate access to Lavizan-3 and see the centrifuge machines in-situ.

2. Instead of beating around the bush, the Iranian regime must grant immediate access to the IAEA to conduct a thorough inspection of Lavizan-3. By engaging in such publicity stunt, Tehran is trying to buy time to destroy the evidence of its decade-long illicit activities at Lavizan-3. This ruse is simply a pathetic and desperate smokescreen on the part of the Iranian regime to conceal the truth and overshadow the impact of the exposure of its secret research on uranium enrichment with advanced centrifuges in an underground site.
3. At the Tuesday news conference, the NCRI showed the image in question and identified it as one of the doors that had been installed at one of the underground halls at Lavizan-3 site. The NCRI thru its sources within Iran was fully aware that these doors were built by GMP Company for the purpose of being installed at Lavizan-3.
4. The image showed at the press conference had been provided to the NCRI by its sources in Iran and not taken from the GMP website. In fact, that image was posted on the Company's website as recently as February 12, 2015, while the NCRI had been working on compiling the information on this site for the past several years and had in its possession that image long before it was posted on the GMP website.
5. This is the image of one of the doors installed at one of the underground halls at Lavizan-3, and was taken after it was constructed at GMP workshop, and before the door was transferred to Lavizan-3 and installed there. NCRI did not specify the name of the company that had built the doors in its report, and chose to not show the entirety of the picture for security reasons and to protect the source(s) of the information.
6. In 2005, Kalaye Electric Company ordered 4 of these doors to GMP. The individual who referred the GMP Company to Kalaye Electric was named [...] Shahbazian who is a friend of Farrokh Esfandiari, the Director General of GMP. At the time, the cost for building each door was about \$30,000 and it took about three months to build them.
7. GMP installed the doors at Lavizan-3. Trucks transported the doors to the site. They were then lowered into the tunnel, using cranes, thru the elevator shaft area (because the elevator had not yet been installed). Once underground, the doors were moved around by small manual cranes and mounted on a roller pulled by a Land Rover pick-up, which had also been lowered to the underground site.
8. GMP built a number of vault doors for Natanz site the same year. This company is currently engaged in building doors for weapons depots of the Intelligence Ministry to be installed in the [Iran-Iraq] border area. In 2014, GMP built explosion-proof doors for Pars Garma Company (affiliated with the Ministry of Defense) to be installed in Gachsaran in Khuzistan Province.
9. In a marketing booklet published by GMP, it boasts that "very high technology is used in the construction of these doors" and that "GMP Company is the only producer of this product inside Iran, according to international standards." "This product will probably be used in Iran's nuclear energy program, and as such is under [international] sanctions and cannot be practically procured from abroad..." the booklet adds. Two of its six utilities listed in the booklet include, "nuclear energy centers and nuclear facilities," as well as "military capabilities in nuclear and laser testing systems." (The marketing booklet in Farsi language is available)

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***Press Release  
For Immediate Release***

***January 20, 2015***

***Below are remarks by Ms. Soona Samsami, U.S. Representative of the National Council of Resistance of Iran, released after the State of the Union Address by President Obama:***

More than a year into the nuclear talks, despite undue Western extensions of deadlines and concessions, no significant progress has been made to block the Iranian regime's path to the bomb. The adoption of a bi-partisan sanctions-in-waiting legislation is a necessary leverage the president now lacks, one which would in effect make the negotiations deadline non-extendable and help compel Tehran to comply.

If history is any guide, the mullahs will only give up their quest for the bomb through pressure, not concessions. Absent firmness, there will be no light at the end of the tunnel of the nuclear talks, but only a nuclear bomb waiting for Tehran.

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